Scorecard for Accountability and Action

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2021 was 1,163,670 with 60 deaths.

### Metrics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Commodity/Indicator</th>
<th>Progress</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LLIN financing 2023 projection (% of need)</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public sector RDT financing 2023 projection (% of need)</td>
<td>95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public sector ACT financing 2023 projection (% of need)</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Policy

- Signed, ratified and deposited the AMA instrument at the AUC
- Malaria activities targeting refugees in Malaria Strategic Plan
- Malaria activities targeting IDPs in Malaria Strategic Plan
- Zero Malaria Starts With Me Launched
- End Malaria Council and Fund Launched

### Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact

- Drug Resistance Monitoring Conducted (2018-2020) and data reported to WHO
- Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010
- Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO
- National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan
- RDTs in stock (>6 months stock)
- ACTs in stock (>6 months stock)
- LLIN/IRS campaign on track
- Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)
- On track to reduce case incidence by 24% by 2021 (vs 2015)
- On track to reduce case mortality by 24% by 2021 (vs 2015)

### Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health, NTDs and Covid 19

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Progress</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Scale of Implementation of ICCM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2021)</td>
<td>94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estimated % of children (0-14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2023)</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vitamin A Coverage 2022 (2 doses)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DPT3 coverage 2022 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)</td>
<td>98</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Key

- Target achieved or on track
- Progress but more effort required
- Not on track
- No data
- Not applicable
Malaria

Progress
The country continues to work on strengthening and maintaining health services following the devastating impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. In this regard, Rwanda has rolled out iCCM countrywide and has secured sufficient resources to distribute the required LLINs, ACTs and most of RDTs in 2023. The country carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2015 and has reported the results to WHO and has completed the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan and has carried out drug resistance testing since 2018 and has reported the results to WHO. The national strategic plan includes activities targeting refugees. The country has sufficient stocks of ACTs and RDTs. The country has launched the Zero Malaria Starts with Me campaign.

In line with the priority agenda of the ALMA chair, His Excellency President Umaro Sissoco Embaló, Rwanda has enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of the Malaria Control Scorecard and posting this scorecard to the ALMA Scorecard Hub. The country received the ALMA Joyce Kafanabo Award for Innovation and Excellence during the AU Summit in February 2023. The country is planning the launch of a Health Fund including malaria and NTDs.

Impact
The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2021 was 1,163,670 with 60 deaths.

Key Challenges
- Reported malaria upsurges from 2015.
- Sustaining the delivery of essential life-saving interventions during the COVID-19 pandemic including for Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn, Adolescent and Child health, malaria and Neglected Tropical Diseases.

RMNCAH and NTDs

Progress
Rwanda has achieved high coverage of tracer RMNCAH interventions, including DPT3 vaccination. The country has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of the Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn, Child and Adolescent Health Scorecard and has published the scorecard on the ALMA Scorecard Hub.

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Rwanda is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for schistosomiasis, and soil transmitted helminths. In 2021, preventive chemotherapy coverage was 90% for soil-transmitted helminths and 98% for schistosomiasis. Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Rwanda in 2021 is 94, which represents an increase compared with the 2020 index value of 86.