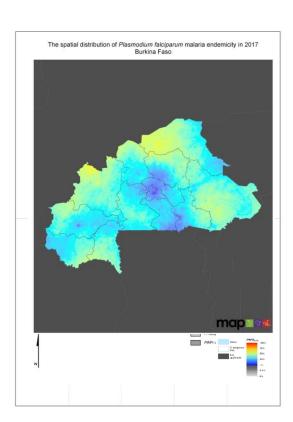
Burkina Faso ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter Three, 2023



Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Commodities Financed	
LLIN financing 2023 projection (% of need)	
Public sector RDT financing 2023 projection (% of need)	
Public sector ACT financing 2023 projection (% of need)	75
Policy	
Signed, ratified and deposited the AMA instrument at the AUC	
Malaria activities targeting refugees in Malaria Strategic Plan	
Malaria activities targeting IDPs in Malaria Strategic Plan	
Zero Malaria Starts With Me Launched	
End Malaria Council and Fund Launched	
Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact	
Drug Resistance Monitoring Conducted (2018-2020) and data reported to WHO	
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	ł
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	
RDTs in stock (>6 months stock)	
ACTs in stock (>6 months stock)	
LLIN/IRS campaign on track	
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	100
On track to reduce case incidence by ≥40% by 2021 (vs 2015)	
On track to reduce case mortality by ≥40% by 2021 (vs 2015)	
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health, NTDs and Co	ovid 19
Scale of Implementation of iCCM	
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2021)	18
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2022)	25
Vitamin A Coverage 2022 (2 doses)	95
DPT3 coverage 2022 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	91

Key

Malaria is present throughout Burkina Faso, with transmission most intense in the southern part of the country. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2021 was 12,465,543 with 4,355 deaths.



Target achieved or on track Progress but more effort required Not on track No data Not applicable



Malaria Progress

The country continues to work on strengthening and maintaining health services following the devastating impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. In this regard Burkina Faso has scaled up coverage of iCCM and has procured sufficient LLINs to achieve universal operational coverage of the targeted at-risk population. The country has financing for sufficient stocks of LLINs, ACTs and RDTs for 2023 and has good stocks of these commodities. The country has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2015 and has reported the results to WHO and has completed the insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan and has carried out drug resistance testing since 2018 and has reported the results to WHO. The national strategic plan includes activities targeting refugees. The country is also showing leadership in malaria control through participation in the High Burden High Impact approach and has also launched Zero Malaria Starts with Me!.

In line with the priority agenda of the ALMA chair, His Excellency President Umaro Sissoco Embaló, Burkina Faso has enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of the Malaria Scorecard and this has been updated regularly and is shared on the ALMA scorecard hub. The country is in process of launching its End Malaria Council and Fund.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2021 was 12,465,543 with 4,355 deaths.

Key Challenges

- Insecticide resistance threatens vector control effectiveness.
- Insufficient resources to sustain essential services over the next three years

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Resource Mobilisation	Work to fill key gaps in malaria funding	Q2 2024		Deliverable not yet due. Whilst the country has significant gaps to finance essential malaria interventions over the next three years, Nigeria has prioritised interventions, aligned to sub national stratification, to maximise impact, targeting malaria prevention with ITNs to the highest burden rural areas. The country is working on additional resource mobilisation concept notes with support from the RBM partnership

Previous Key Recommended Actions

RMNCAH and NTDs

Progress

Burkina Faso has also made good progress in tracer RMNCAH interventions, including DPT3 and vitamin A. Burkina Faso has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of the Maternal, Newborn, Child and Adolescent Health Scorecard.

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Burkina Faso is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for lymphatic filariasis, onchocerciasis, schistosomiasis and trachoma. Soil Transmitted Helminthiasis is under surveillance. Preventive chemotherapy coverage in Burkina Faso is high for trachoma (100%), for Soil Transmitted Helminthiasis (100%) and for schistosomiasis (98%). However, it is low for lymphatic filariasis (0%) and for onchocerciasis (20%). Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Burkina Faso in 2021 is 18 and shows a very substantial decrease compared with the index in 2020 (89). The country has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of an NTD Scorecard.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

The country has responded positively to the RMNCAH recommended actions addressing low coverage of ART coverage in children, with a 2% increase in coverage reported in the last year. The country has also responded to the recommended action on NTD MDA, and continues to track progress as the identified actions are implemented.