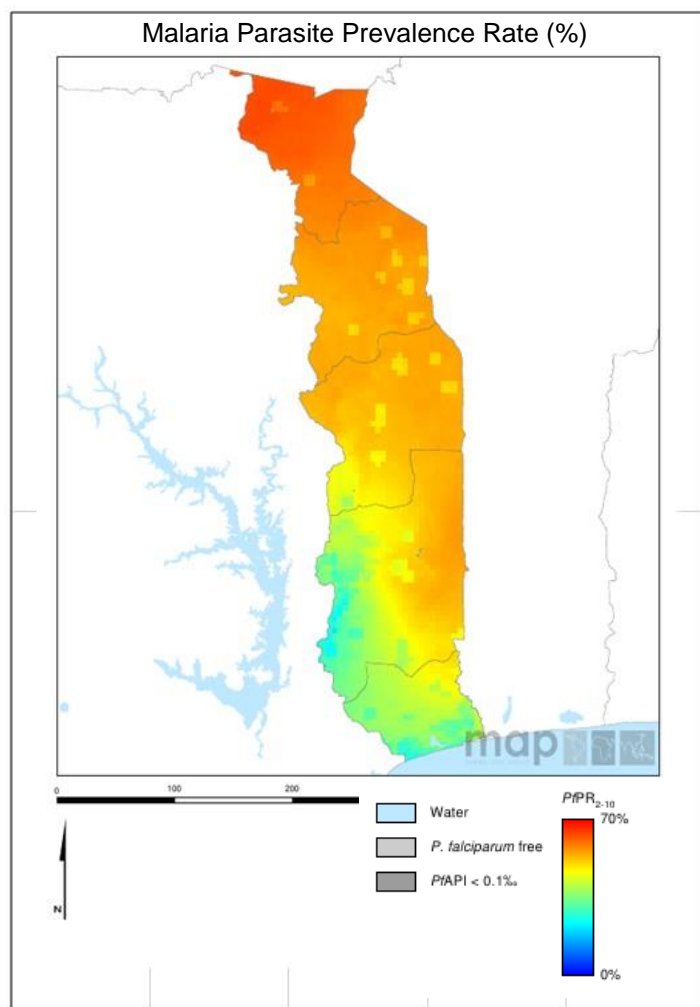


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



The entire population of Togo is at high risk of malaria. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 1,130,251 and 1,205 deaths.

Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control	
LLIN financing 2016 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector RDT financing 2016 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector ACT financing 2016 projection (% of need)	100
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2014 (CPIA Cluster D)	2.6
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact	
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	3
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2014 and data reported to WHO	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2013)	
Operational LLINIRS coverage (% of at risk population)	100
>75% Decrease in Malaria Incidence Projected 2000–2015	
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health	
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015)	▲ 41
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015)	▲ 34
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	59
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	71
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	58
Vitamin A Coverage 2013 (2 doses)	61
DPT3 coverage 2014 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	87

Key

	Target achieved or on track
	Progress but more effort required
	Not on track
	No data/Not applicable

Malaria

Progress

Togo has secured sufficient resources to achieve universal coverage of LLINs, RDTs and ACTs in 2016. The country has distributed sufficient LLINs to achieve operational universal coverage.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 1,130,251 and 1,205 deaths. WHO, through modeling, estimates that there has been a less than 50% decrease in malaria incidence between 2000 and 2015.

Previous Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Vector Control	Carry out insecticide resistance testing and develop and implement a national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan	Q1 2017		Togo reports that insecticide resistance testing was carried out in 2014. Further testing is planned in quarter 2 of 2016, with plans to develop and finalise the insecticide resistance management plan in the final quarter of 2016

MNCH

Progress

Togo continues to make progress on tracer MNCH interventions, with high coverage in DPT3 vaccinations and postnatal care.

Previous Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
MNCH ¹ : Optimise quality of care	Work to accelerate coverage of ARTs especially in children under 14 years of age	Q1 2017		Deliverable not yet due but Togo has increased ART coverage by 6% in the total population and in children

Key

	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due

¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA