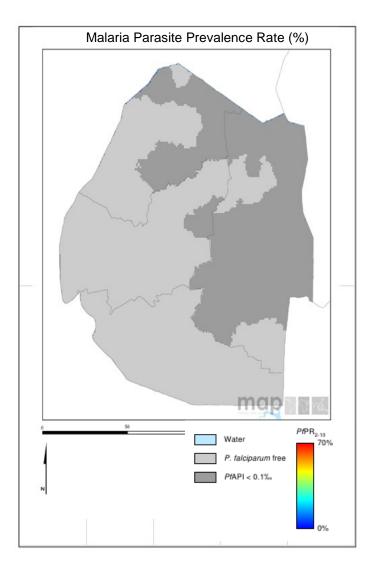
# Swaziland ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter Two, 2015



### Scorecard for Accountability and Action



#### Metrics

Policy and Financial Control	
Oral Artemisinin Based Monotherapy Ban status (2015)	
Community case management (Pneumonia)(2015)	
Community case management (Malaria)(2015)	
World Bank rating on public sector mgmt and institutions 2013 (CPIA Cluster D)	

 Commodities Financed, Implementation and Malaria Impact

 IRS financing 2015 (% of at-risk population)
 100

 Public sector RDT financing 2015 projection (% of need)
 100

 Public sector ACT financing 2015 projection (% of need)
 100

 IRS Operational Coverage (%)
 93

 On track in 2013 to Reduce Malaria Incidence by >75% by 2015 (vs 2000)
 >100

Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health	
PMTCT coverage 2013 (% pregnant HIV pts receiving ARVs)	95
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	82
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	44
Vitamin A Coverage 2012 (2 doses)	33
DPT3 coverage 2013 (vaccination among 12-23 month olds)	98
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	22

Malaria transmission is seasonal in Swaziland; the annual reported number of clinical cases in 2013 was 669 with 4 malaria deaths.

### Key



Target achieved or on track Progress but more effort required Not on track No data/Not applicable

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### Progress

Swaziland has made significant progress in scaling-up malaria control interventions leading to a significant reduction in malaria burden in the country. Swaziland has declared an intention to ban oral artemisinin-based monotherapies. Adequate resources have been secured to fund the IRS, ACTs, and RDTs required to sustain universal coverage in 2015. Good progress has been made on tracer MNCH interventions including DPT3 coverage, skilled birth attendants, and PMTCT.

### Impact

Swaziland has achieved significant impact in its malaria control programme. Malaria deaths decreased from 32 during 2000-2005 to 4 in 2013. As such, the country has achieved the target of a 75% reduction in malaria burden since 2000.

### Key Challenge

• Maintaining malaria high on the political and funding agenda.

### **Recommended Actions**

Swaziland has responded positively to the recommended actions addressing low coverage of vitamin A and postnatal care and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.