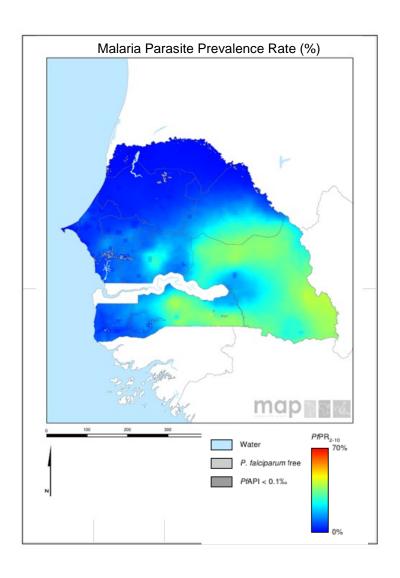
Senegal ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter Two, 2015



Scorecard for Accountability and Action

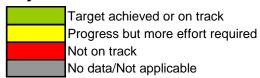


Metrics

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Policy and Financial Control		
Oral Artemisinin Based Monotherapy Ban status (2015)		
Community case management (Pneumonia)(2015)		
Community case management (Malaria)(2015)		
World Bank rating on public sector mgmt and institutions 2013 (CPIA Cluster D)		3.6
Commodities Financed, Implementation and Malaria	lmį	oact
LLIN financing 2015 projection (% of need)		100
Public sector RDT financing 2015 projection (% of need)		100
Public sector ACT financing 2015 projection (% of need)		100
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)		100
On track in 2013 to Reduce Malaria Incidence by >75% by 2015 (vs 2000)		
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health		
PMTCT coverage 2013 (% pregnant HIV pts receiving ARVs)		62
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant		65
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)		39
Vitamin A Coverage 2012 (2 doses)		
DPT3 coverage 2013 (vaccination among 12-23 month olds)		92
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)		68
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The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 772,222 with 815 deaths.

Key



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Progress

Senegal has made good progress in malaria control. The country has banned oral artemisinin-based monotherapies and introduced policies on Community Case Management for malaria and pneumonia. The country has secured sufficient resources to sustain universal coverage of essential malaria control interventions in 2015. Senegal has achieved high coverage of tracer MNCH interventions including PMTCT, postnatal care and DPT3 vaccination. The country has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of the Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 772,222 with 815 deaths.

Key Challenge

• Sustaining the impressive progress made in control and reduction of malaria burden.

Recommended Actions

Senegal has responded positively to the recommended actions addressing low coverage of exclusive breastfeeding and lack of data on vitamin A and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.