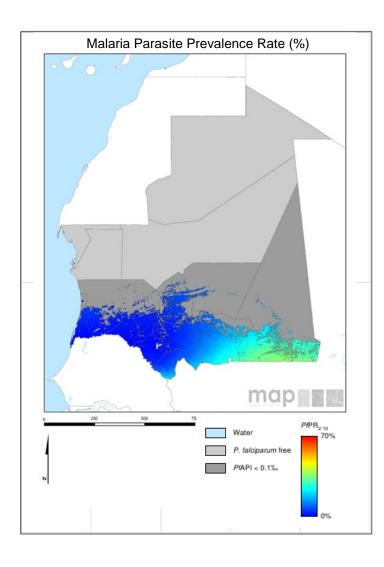
Mauritania ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter One, 2016



Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control	
LLIN financing 2016 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector RDT financing 2016 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector ACT financing 2016 projection (% of need)	100
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2014 (CPIA Cluster D)	3.2

Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact

Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2014 and data reported to WHO	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2013)	
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	12
>75% Decrease in Malaria Incidence Projected 2000–2015	
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health	
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2014)	14
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2014)	7
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	65
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	9
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	27
Vitamin A Coverage 2013 (2 doses)	99
DP T3 coverage 2014 (vaccination among 12-23 month olds)	84
11//	

Key



Target achieved or on track Progress but more effort required Not on track No data/Not applicable

In Mauritania, almost 15% of the population is at high risk and 75% is at low risk of malaria. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 156,529 with 19 deaths.

Malaria

Progress

Mauritania has secured sufficient resources to meet the LLIN, ACT, and RDT requirements for 2016.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 156,529 with 19 deaths. WHO, through modeling, projects that the country will reduce the malaria incidence by more than 75% for the period between 2000 and 2015.

Key Challenge

• Low LLIN coverage.

New Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
Vector Control	Report to WHO on the status of insecticide resistance, resistance monitoring and on the status of the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan	Q1 2017

MNCH

Progress

The country has also made good progress in the tracer MNCH intervention of vitamin A coverage and DPT3 vaccination coverage.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
MNCH ¹ : Optimise quality of care	 a) Investigate and address the reasons for the decreasing coverage of exclusive breastfeeding 	Q4 2015		No progress reported
	 b) Work towards improving postnatal care coverage through increasing availability of skilled care, promoting facility births where women and babies are observed for at least 24 hours before discharge and through home visits by community health workers 	Q4 2015		Postnatal care coverage has increased by 2%

Mauritania has responded positively to the malaria recommended action addressing low coverage of vector control and continues to track progress as this action is implemented.

¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA

New Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
MNCH ¹ : Optimise quality of care	Work to accelerate coverage of ARTs especially in children under 14 years of age	Q1 2017

Кеу

Action achieved
Some progress
No progress
Deliverable not yet due
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