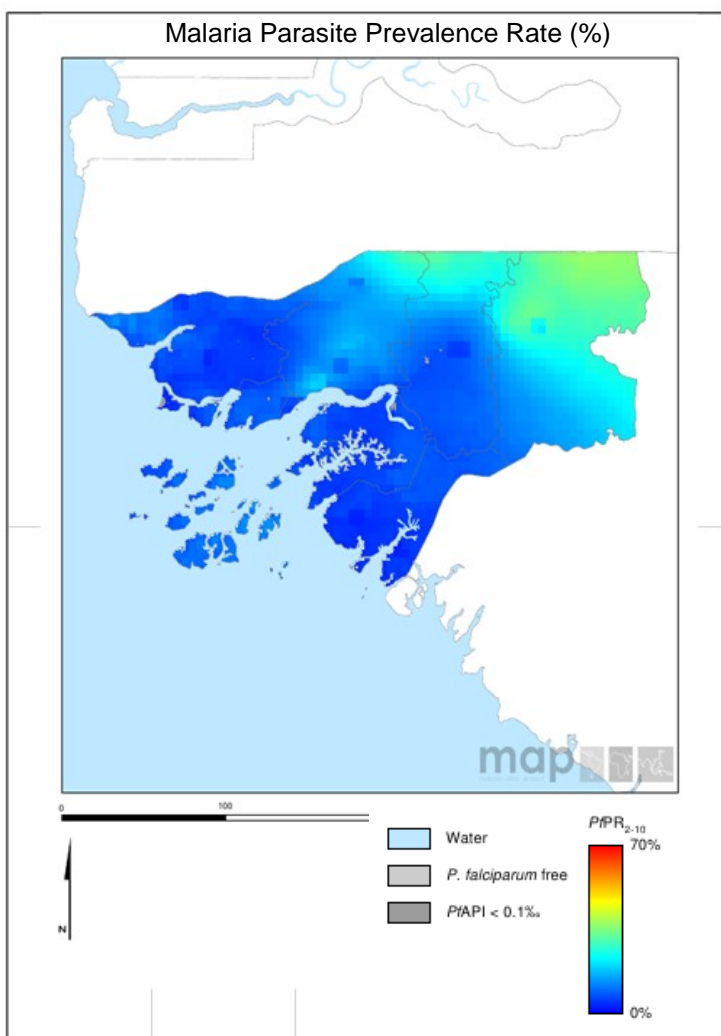


### Scorecard for Accountability and Action



#### Metrics

Policy and Financial Control		
Oral Artemisinin Based Monotherapy Ban status (2015)		
Community case management (Pneumonia)(2015)		
Community case management (Malaria)(2015)		
World Bank rating on public sector mgmt and institutions 2013 (CPIA Cluster D)		2.2
Commodities Financed, Implementation and Malaria Impact		
LLIN financing 2015 projection (% of need)		65
Public sector RDT financing 2015 projection (% of need)		100
Public sector ACT financing 2015 projection (% of need)		100
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)		100
On track in 2013 to Reduce Malaria Incidence by >75% by 2015 (vs 2000)		
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health		
PMTCT coverage 2013 (% pregnant HIV pts receiving ARVs)		56
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant		43
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)		38
Vitamin A Coverage 2012 (2 doses)		95
DPT3 coverage 2013 (vaccination among 12-23 month olds)		80
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)		

The entire population of Guinea-Bissau is at risk of malaria. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 132,176 with 418 deaths.

#### Key

	Target achieved or on track
	Progress but more effort required
	Not on track
	No data/Not applicable

## Guinea-Bissau ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter Two, 2015



### **Progress**

Guinea-Bissau has made progress in scaling-up anti-malarial interventions and has banned the import and sale of oral artemisinin-based monotherapies. The country has achieved universal coverage of LLINs. The country has also achieved high coverage of the tracer MNCH interventions of DPT3 and vitamin A coverage and has increased coverage of PMTCT. Guinea-Bissau was awarded a 2015 ALMA Award for Excellence in Implementation of Vector Control.

### **Impact**

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 132,176 with 418 deaths.

### **Recommended Actions**

Guinea-Bissau has responded positively to the recommended actions addressing low coverage of exclusive breastfeeding, policy on Community Case Management of pneumonia, and lack of data on postnatal care and Community Case Management of malaria, and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.