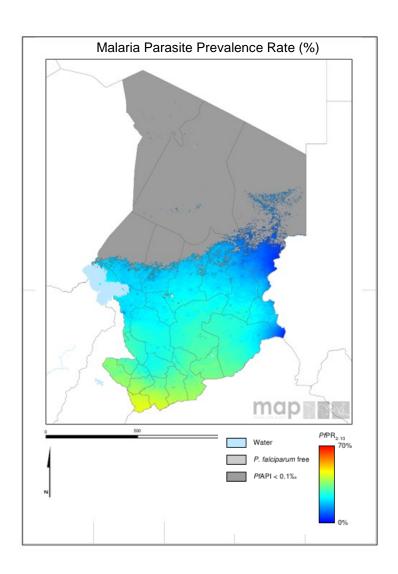
Chad ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter Two, 2015



Scorecard for Accountability and Action

Metrics

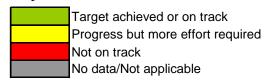


Policy and Financial Control Oral Artemisinin Based Monotherapy Ban status Community case management (Pneumonia)(2015) Community case management (Malaria)(2015) World Bank rating on public sector mgmt and 2.4 institutions 2013 (CPIA Cluster D) Commodities Financed, Implementation and Malaria Impact LLIN financing 2015 projection (% of need) 100 Public sector RDT financing 2015 projection (% of 57 Public sector ACT financing 2015 projection (% of 91 need) Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk 100 population) On track in 2013 to Reduce Malaria Incidence by >75% by 2015 (vs 2000) Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health PMTCT coverage 2013 (% pregnant HIV pts 19 receiving ARVs) % deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)

Malaria transmission in Chad is intense in the south of the country. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 1,272,841 with 1,881 deaths.

Key

month olds)



Vitamin A Coverage 2012 (2 doses)

Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)

DPT3 coverage 2013 (vaccination among 12-23

48

Chad ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter Two, 2015



Progress

Chad has banned oral artemisinin-based monotherapies and has introduced a policy on Community Case Management of malaria and pneumonia. Chad has secured resources to meet the majority of the LLIN and public sector ACT needs for 2015. Additionally the country has procured sufficient LLINs to achieve universal coverage. The country has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of a Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard. Chad was awarded a 2015 ALMA Award for Excellence in Implementation of Vector Control.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 1,272,841 with 1,881 deaths.

Key Challenge

• Weak health information system.

Recommended Actions

Chad has responded positively to the recommended actions addressing low coverage of PMTCT, skilled birth attendants and exclusive breastfeeding and lack of data for postnatal care and vitamin A and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.