

Scorecard for Accountability and Action

Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control

LLIN financing 2016 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector RDT financing 2016 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector ACT financing 2016 projection (% of need)	100
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2014 (CPIA Cluster D)	2.9





Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact

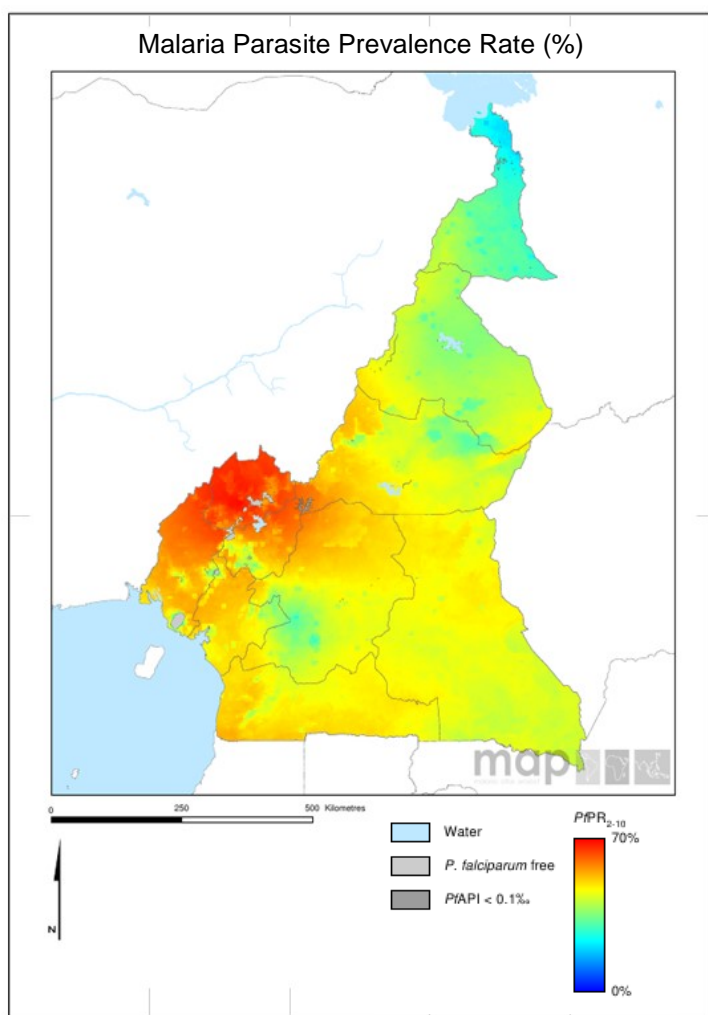
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	3
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2014 and data reported to WHO	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2013)	
Operational LLINIRS coverage (% of at risk population)	▲ 100
>75% Decrease in Malaria Incidence Projected 2000–2015	

Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health

Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2014)	22
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2014)	11
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	65
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	65
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	28
Vitamin A Coverage 2013 (2 doses)	99
DPT3 coverage 2014 (vaccination among 12-23 month olds)	87

Key

	Target achieved or on track
	Progress but more effort required
	Not on track
	No data/Not applicable



Malaria transmission occurs year round in Cameroon and is most intense in the south of the country. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 1,369,518 with 4,398 deaths.

Malaria

Progress

Cameroon has committed domestic resources to fill the outstanding gap for the LLIN campaign and has secured sufficient resources to cover the costs of the LLINs, ACTs and RDTs needed in 2016. The country has procured sufficient LLINs to achieve operational universal coverage. The country has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2014 and has reported the results to WHO.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 1,369,518 with 4,398 deaths. WHO, through modeling, estimates that there has been a less than 50% decrease in malaria incidence between 2000 and 2015.

Key Challenge

- Ensuring domestic resources for malaria control are sustained and increased post-2015.

New Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
Vector Control	Report on the status of the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan to WHO	Q1 2017

MNCH

Progress

The country has achieved high coverage in the tracer MNCH interventions PMTCT, postnatal care, vitamin A and DPT3.

Previous Key Recommended Action

Cameroon has responded positively to the MNCH recommended action to enhance coverage of exclusive breastfeeding and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

New Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
MNCH ¹ : Optimise quality of care	Work to accelerate coverage of ARTs especially in children under 14 years of age	Q1 2017

¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA