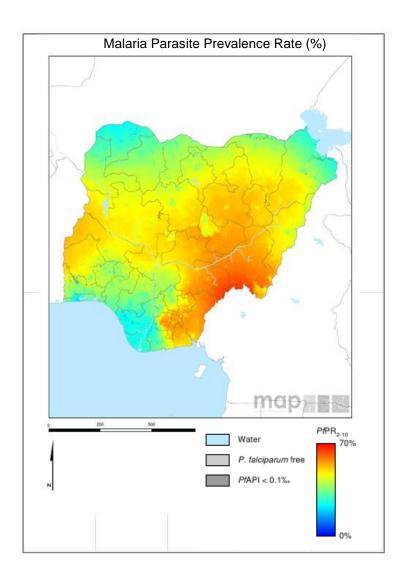
Nigeria ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter One, 2015



Scorecard for Accountability and Action

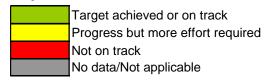


Metrics

Policy and Financial Control			
Oral Artemisinin Based Monotherapy Ban status (2015)			
Community case management (Pneumonia)(2015)			
Community case management (Malaria)(2015)			
World Bank rating on public sector mgmt and institutions 2013 (CPIA Cluster D)	2.8		
Commodities Financed, Implementation and Malaria Imp	act		
LLIN financing 2015 projection (% of need)	43		
Public sector RDT financing 2015 projection (% of need)			
Public sector ACT financing 2015 projection (% of need)			
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	78		
On track in 2013 to Reduce Malaria Incidence by >75% by 2015 (vs 2000)			
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health			
PMTCT coverage 2013 (% pregnant HIV pts receiving ARVs)	27		
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	38		
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	17		
Vitamin A Coverage 2012 (2 doses)	78		
DPT3 coverage 2012 (vaccination among 12-23 month olds)	41		
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	40		

Malaria transmission in Nigeria takes place all year round in the south but is more seasonal in the northern regions. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 12,830,911 cases and 7,878 deaths.

Key



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Progress

Nigeria has banned oral artemisinin-based monotherapies and introduced a policy on Community Case Management for malaria and pneumonia. The development of the Saving One Million Lives initiative in 2012 is expected to accelerate progress in tracer MNCH intervention coverage and the tracking of these indicators will be enhanced through the Saving One Million Lives Scorecard.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was with 12,830,911 cases and 7,878 deaths.

Key Challenge

 Funding gaps to achieve and sustain universal coverage of all malaria interventions to 2015 and beyond.

Previous Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Address funding	Work to fill outstanding funding gaps for essential malaria commodities	Q2 2015		Deliverable not yet due but the Government has committed almost US\$ 400 million to fill some of the malaria control gaps and discussions are ongoing around a Malaria Bond

Nigeria has responded positively to the recommended actions addressing low coverage of PMTCT, skilled birth attendants and exclusive breastfeeding, and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

