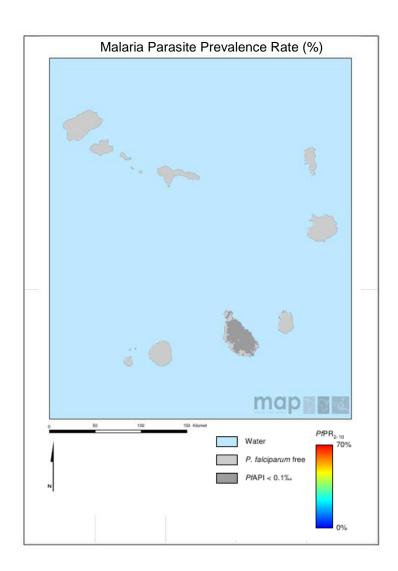
## **Cape Verde ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter One, 2015**



## Scorecard for Accountability and Action

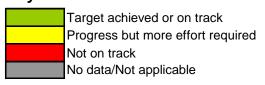


## Metrics **Policy and Financial Control** Oral Artemisinin Based Monotherapy Ban status Community case management (Pneumonia)(2015) Community case management (Malaria)(2015) World Bank rating on public sector mgmt and 4.1 institutions 2013 (CPIA Cluster D) Commodities Financed, Implementation and Malaria Impact IRS financing 2015 (% of at-risk population) 100 Public sector RDT financing 2015 projection (% of 100 need) Public sector ACT financing 2015 projection (% of 100 need) IRS Operational Coverage (%) 68 On track in 2013 to Reduce Malaria Incidence by >75% by 2015 (vs 2000) Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health PMTCT coverage 2013 (% pregnant HIV pts 95 receiving ARVs) % deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant 99 Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months) Vitamin A Coverage 2012 (2 doses) DPT3 coverage 2012 (vaccination among 12-23 90 month olds)

In Cape Verde, 58% of the population lives in areas where there is a low risk of malaria; the rest of the country is malaria-free. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 46 and zero deaths.

#### Key

Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)



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### **Progress**

Cape Verde has made great progress and has achieved significant impact in its malaria control programme, enabling the country to enter the pre-elimination phase of malaria control. The country has secured sufficient resources to sustain universal coverage of key malaria interventions in 2015 and continues to sustain high coverage of vector control interventions. The country has achieved high coverage of the tracer MNCH interventions DPT3 vaccination, PMTCT, and skilled birth attendants. Cape Verde also has a high rating in terms of public sector management systems.

### **Impact**

Malaria morbidity and mortality has declined in Cape Verde. Total confirmed malaria cases decreased from 126 during 2000–2001 to 46 cases in 2013 and zero deaths. As such, the country has achieved the international target of at least a 75% reduction in malaria burden since 2000.

### **Key Challenge**

• Sustaining malaria control gains as the country prepares for elimination.

**Previous Key Recommended Action** 

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
MNCH <sup>1:</sup> Optimise quality of care	Work towards improving postnatal care coverage through increasing availability of skilled care, promoting facility births where women and babies are observed for at least 24 hours before discharge and through home visits by Community Health Workers	Q1 2014		No progress reported

Cape Verde has responded positively to the recommended actions addressing lack of data on postnatal care, exclusive breastfeeding and vitamin A and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA/iERG

**New Key Recommended Action** 

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
Optimise quality of care	Investigate reasons for and address the decreasing coverage of vector control coverage	Q4 2015

Key	_
	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due