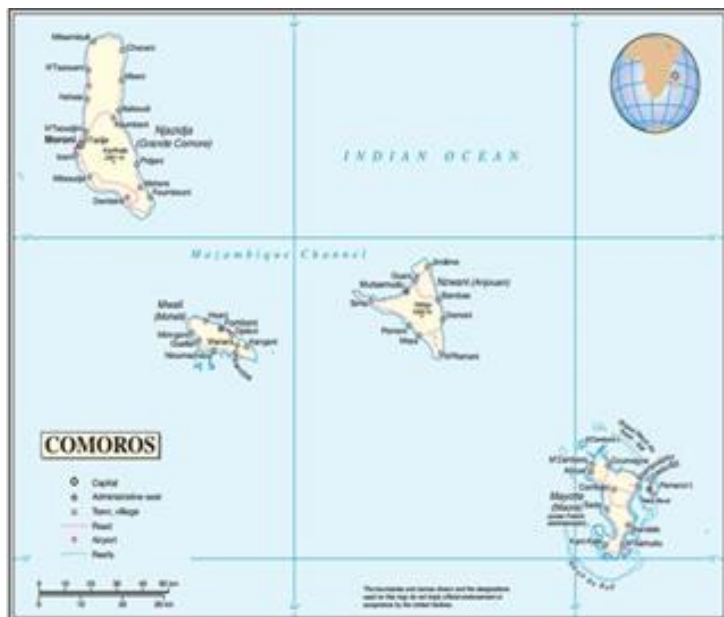


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Metrics

Commodities Financed		
LLIN financing 2023 projection (% of need)	Not on track	32
Public sector RDT financing 2023 projection (% of need)	Target achieved or on track	100
Public sector ACT financing 2023 projection (% of need)	Target achieved or on track	100
Policy		
Signed, ratified and deposited the AMA instrument at the AUC	Progress but more effort required	
Malaria activities targeting refugees in Malaria Strategic Plan	Not applicable	
Malaria activities targeting IDPs in Malaria Strategic Plan	Not applicable	
Zero Malaria Starts With Me Launched	Not on track	
End Malaria Council and Fund Launched	Not applicable	
Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact		
Drug Resistance Monitoring Conducted (2018-2020) and data reported to WHO	Not on track	
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	Progress but more effort required	1
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO	Not on track	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	Progress but more effort required	
RDTs in stock (>6 months stock)	Target achieved or on track	
ACTs in stock (>6 months stock)	Target achieved or on track	
LLIN/IRS campaign on track	Not applicable	
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	Target achieved or on track	100
On track to reduce case incidence by ≥40% by 2021 (vs 2015)	Not on track	
On track to reduce case mortality by ≥40% by 2021 (vs 2015)	Not on track	
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health, NTDs and Covid 19		
Scale of Implementation of ICCM	Progress but more effort required	
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2021)	Not on track	18
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2022)	No data	
Vitamin A Coverage 2021 (2 doses)	No data	
DPT3 coverage 2022 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	Progress but more effort required	88

Most of the population of Comoros is at risk of malaria. Transmission is perennial on the Island of Grand Comore and unstable throughout the zones of Anjouan and Mohéli. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2021 was 10,547 and 3 deaths.

Key

Target achieved or on track	Progress but more effort required
Not on track	No data
Not applicable	

Malaria

Progress

The country continues to work on strengthening and maintaining health services following the devastating impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. In this regard, Comoros has adequate financing for the required ACTs and RDTs in 2023. The country has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2015 and has reported the results to WHO. WHO has identified Comoros as being a country with the potential to eliminate local transmission of malaria by 2025.

In line with the priority agenda of the ALMA chair, His Excellency President Umaro Sissoco Embaló, the country has enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of a Malaria Elimination Scorecard, however this scorecard is not yet publicly shared on the ALMA Scorecard Hub. The country should consider establishing an End Malaria Council and Fund to enhance domestic resource mobilization and multi-sectoral action.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2021 was 10,547 and 3 deaths.

Key Challenges

- Insufficient human resources and a limited number of partners to implement malaria control activities.
- Gaps in funding to allow larger scale IRS.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

The country has responded positively to the recommended actions addressing drug resistance testing and the development of a national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

RMNCAH and NTDs

Progress

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Comoros is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for lymphatic filariasis and soil transmitted helminths. Preventive chemotherapy coverage in Comoros is low for both soil transmitted helminths (8%) and lymphatic filariasis (39%). Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Comoros in 2021 is 18, which represents a very substantial decrease compared with the 2020 index value (33).





Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
NTDs	Work to increase the coverage of all the preventive chemotherapy NTDs for both soil transmitted helminths and lymphatic filaria sand reach WHO targets.	Q4 2023		The country has just completed Lymphatic Filariasis prevalence survey which revealed a very low prevalence (<1%) and the country is scaling down LF MDAs to focus on surveillance. Other routine activities are being conducted.

Comoros has also responded positively to the RMNCAH recommended action

addressing lack of data on ART coverage in children and vitamin A coverage and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

Key

	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due