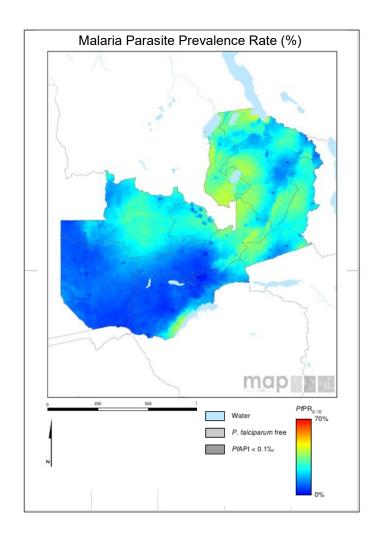
# Zambia ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter Four, 2017



## **Scorecard for Accountability and Action**



# Metrics Commodities Financed and Financial C

	87
	69
<b>A</b>	100
	3.2

#### Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact

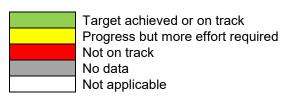
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	4
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2016)	
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	100
Change in malaria incidence rate (2010–2016)	

Change in malaria incidence rate (2010–2016)	
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and NTD	Os
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2016)	51
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2016)	65
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2016)	52
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	64
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	63
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	73
Vitamin A Coverage 2015 (2 doses)	4
DPT3 coverage 2016 (vaccination among 0-11	99

Malaria is endemic in all parts of Zambia and transmission is seasonal. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2016 was 5,976,192 with 1,827 deaths.

#### Key

month olds)



# Zambia ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter Four, 2017



#### Malaria

#### **Progress**

Zambia has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2015 and reported the results to WHO and has completed the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan. Zambia has enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of the Malaria Control and Elimination Scorecard. Zambia has scaled up the implementation of iCCM and has distributed sufficient LLINs to achieve 100% operational coverage.

#### **Impact**

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2016 was 5,976,192 with 1,827 deaths.

#### **Key Challenges**

- The country has documented mosquito resistance to four insecticide classes.
- There is a need to strengthen cross border collaboration with neighbouring countries.

**Previous Key Recommended Action** 

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Address funding	Work to accelerate the signature of the GF grant	Q4 2017		The country completed the grant making requirements for grant approval

### **MNCH and NTDs**

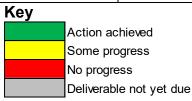
### **Progress**

Zambia has achieved high coverage in the tracer MNCH interventions of exclusive breastfeeding and DPT3. Zambia has enhanced accountability mechanisms with the development of a Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard.

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Zambia is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for lymphatic filariasis, schistosomiasis, soil transmitted helminths and trachoma. Preventive chemotherapy coverage in Zambia is high for lymphatic filariasis (92%). Coverage is 32% for schistosomiasis, 57% for soil transmitted helminths and 40% for trachoma. Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Zambia in 2016 is 51, which represents no change compared with the 2015 index value (52).

**Previous Key Recommended Action** 

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progres s	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
MNCH¹: Optimise quality of care	Address the lack of vitamin A coverage data	Q3 2017		No progress reported



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA