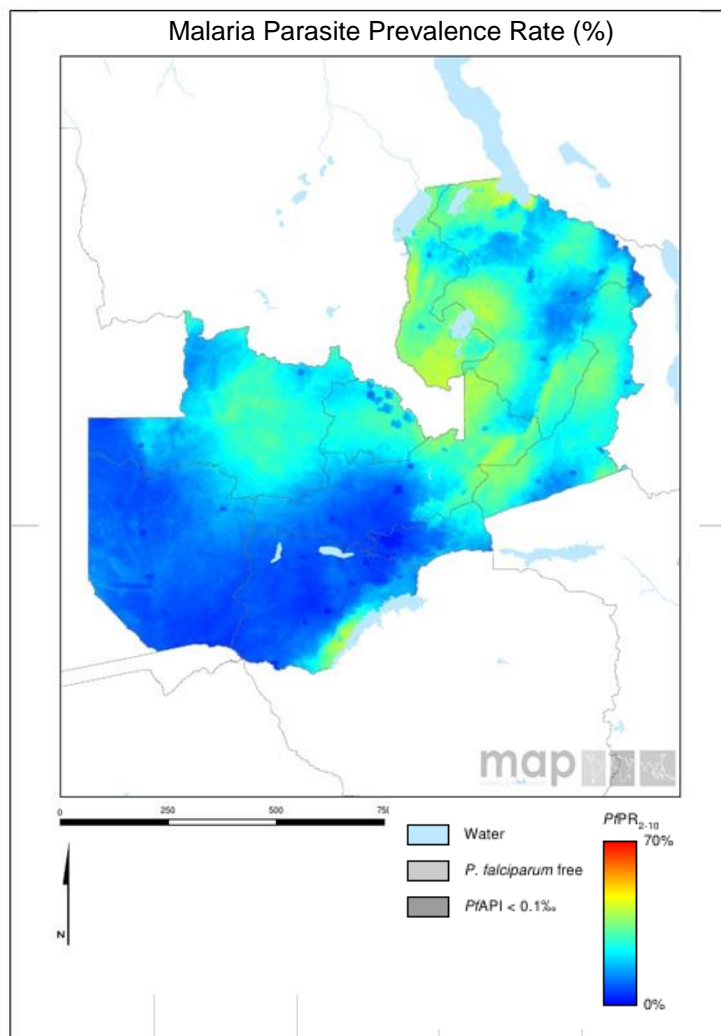


### Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Malaria is endemic in all parts of Zambia and transmission is seasonal. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 5,465,122 with 3,548 deaths.

#### Metrics

Policy and Financial Control		
Oral Artemisinin Based Monotherapy Ban status (2015)		
Community case management (Pneumonia)(2015)		
Community case management (Malaria)(2015)		
World Bank rating on public sector mgmt and institutions 2014 (CPIA Cluster D)		3.2
Commodities Financed, Implementation and Malaria Impact		
LLIN financing 2015 projection (% of need)	▼	53
Public sector RDT financing 2015 projection (% of need)		100
Public sector ACT financing 2015 projection (% of need)		100
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)		100
On track in 2013 to Reduce Malaria Incidence by >75% by 2015 (vs 2000)		
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health		
PMTCT coverage 2014 (% pregnant HIV pts receiving ARVs)	▲	86
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant		64
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)		73
Vitamin A Coverage 2012 (2 doses)		
DPT3 coverage 2013 (vaccination among 12-23 month olds)		79
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	▲	63

#### Key

<span style="background-color: #90EE90; border: 1px solid black; display: inline-block; width: 15px; height: 10px;"></span>	Target achieved or on track
<span style="background-color: #FFFF00; border: 1px solid black; display: inline-block; width: 15px; height: 10px;"></span>	Progress but more effort required
<span style="background-color: #FF0000; border: 1px solid black; display: inline-block; width: 15px; height: 10px;"></span>	Not on track
<span style="background-color: #808080; border: 1px solid black; display: inline-block; width: 15px; height: 10px;"></span>	No data/Not applicable



### **Progress**

Zambia has made significant progress in scaling-up malaria control interventions. Zambia has banned oral artemisinin-based monotherapies and has introduced a policy on Community Case Management of malaria and pneumonia. The country has committed additional resources to ACT and RDT procurement and has secured the majority of the resources required to sustain universal coverage in 2015. Zambia has also made significant progress in tracer MNCH interventions, with high coverage of exclusive breastfeeding, and has recently increased coverage of PMTCT and postnatal care. Zambia has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of a Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard.

### **Impact**

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 5,465,122 with 3,548 deaths. Zambia is projected to achieve a 50%–75% decrease in malaria incidence 2000–2015.

### **Key Challenge**

- Increases in malaria cases reported in 2014.

### **Recommended Action**

Zambia has responded positively to the recommended action addressing lack of data on vitamin A and continues to track progress as this action is implemented.