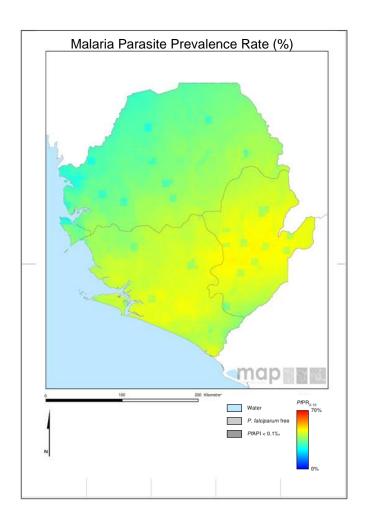
Sierra Leone ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter One, 2017



Scorecard for Accountability and Action

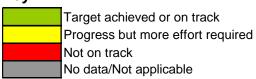


Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control		
LLIN financing 2017 projection (% of need)		100
Public sector RDT financing 2017 projection (% of need)		100
Public sector ACT financing 2017 projection (% of need)		100
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2015 (CPIA Cluster D)		3.1
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation a	nd	Impact
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010		2
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2014 and data reported to WHO	•	0
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan		
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2016)		
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)		100
Estimated change in malaria incidence rate (2010–2015)		
Estimated change in malaria mortality rate (2010–2015)		
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health		
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015)		27
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015)		13
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant		60
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)		73
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)		32
Vitamin A Coverage 2014 (2 doses)		8
DPT3 coverage 2015 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)		86

The entire population of Sierra Leone is at high risk of malaria. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2015 was 1,569,606 with 1,107 deaths.

Key



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Malaria

Progress

Sierra Leone has secured sufficient resources to achieve universal coverage of LLINs, RDTs and ACTs in 2017 and has distributed sufficient LLINs to achieve 100% operational coverage. The country has scaled up the implementation of iCCM.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2015 was 1,569,606 with 1,107 deaths. WHO estimates that the country has achieved a decrease of 20-40% in the malaria incidence rate and a decrease of greater than 40% in the malaria mortality rate for the period 2010 - 2015.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Address funding	Ensure the GF malaria funding application is submitted by Q1 2017 and ensure that resources are allocated to malaria control at a level that is sufficient to sustain the gains made in recent years	Q1 2017		The country submitted the GF malaria funding application in Q1 2017. Approximately 20% of the resources originally allocated to malaria were reallocated to RSSH
Vector control	Prioritise mosquito insecticide resistance testing and finalise and implement the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan	Q1 2017		Sierra Leone has finalised the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan

MNCH

Progress

Sierra Leone has enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of the Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard. Sierra Leone has responded to the challenge of the post ebola recovery. The country has developed and put in place a recovery plan and health systems building strategy and is mobilizing resources for it.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Sierra Leone has responded positively to the MNCH recommended action addressing low coverage of ARTs and decreasing Vitamin A coverage and continues to track progress as this action is implemented.

