## Scorecard for Accountability and Action



The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was $3,403,695$ with 376 deaths.

| Metrics |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Commodities Financed and Financial Control |  |
| LLIN financing 2019 projection (\% of need) | 100 |
| Public sector RDT financing 2019 projection (\% of need) | 100 |
| Public sector ACT financing 2019 projection (\% of need) | 73 |
| World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2017 (CPIA Cluster D) | 3.7 |
| Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact |  |
| Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010 | 3 |
| Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO |  |
| National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan |  |
| Scale of Implementation of ICCM (2017) |  |
| Operational LLINIRS coverage (\% of at risk population) | 98 |
| Change in Estimated Malaria Incidence(2010-2017) |  |
| Change in Estimated Malaria Mortality rate(2010-2017) |  |
| Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and NTDs |  |
| Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Dis ease (NTD index, \%)(2017) | 78 |
| Estimated \% of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2018) | 87 |
| Estimated \% of children (0-14 years old) living with HIN who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2018) | 63 |
| \% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant | 91 |
| Postnatal care (within 48 hrs ) | 43 |
| Exclusive breastfeeding (\% children < 6 months) | 87 |
| Vitamin A Coverage 2017 (2 doses) | 98 |
| DPT3 coverage 2017 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds) | 98 |

Key
$\square$ Target achieved or on track Progress but more effort required
Not on track
No data
Not applicable

## Rwanda ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter One, 2019

## Malaria

## Progress

Rwanda has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2015 and has reported the results to WHO and has completed the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan. The country has rolled out iCCM countrywide and has secured sufficient resources to distribute the required LLINs and RDTs in 2019. Rwanda has implemented an emergency response programme to address the upsurge in malaria cases. The country has a high rating in terms of public sector management systems (CPIA cluster D). Rwanda has enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of the Malaria Control Scorecard.

## Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was $3,403,695$ with 376 deaths.

## Key Challenges

- Reported malaria upsurges from 2015.
- Gaps in funding to support IRS scale-up.


## Previous Key Recommended Actions

Rwanda has responded positively to the previous recommended action on the increase in cases observed since 2010 and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

## RMNCAH and NTDs

## Progress

Rwanda has achieved high coverage of tracer RMNCAH interventions, including exclusive breastfeeding, vitamin A, ARTs in the total population, DPT3 vaccination and skilled birth attendants. The country has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of the Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn, Child and Adolescent Health Scorecard.

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Rwanda is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for schistosomiasis, and soil transmitted helminths. Preventive chemotherapy coverage in Rwanda is high for soil transmitted helminths (99\%), and good for schistosomiasis (62\%). Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Rwanda in 2017 is 78, which represents a large increase compared with the 2016 index value (3).

## Previous Key Recommended Actions

| Objective | Action Item | Suggested <br> completion <br> timeframe | Progress | Comments - key <br> activities/accomplishments <br> since last quarterly report |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| RMNCAH |  |  |  |  |
| Optimise <br> quality of <br> care | Investigate and address <br> the reasons for the lack of <br> reported data on vitamin A <br> coverage | Q2 2019 |  | The country has reported a <br> significant increase in vitamin <br> A coverage |

Rwanda has responded positively to the NTD recommended action addressing low coverage of NTD preventive chemotherapy.

[^0]Key
Action achieved
Some progress
No progress
Deliverable not yet due


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ RMNCAH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO

