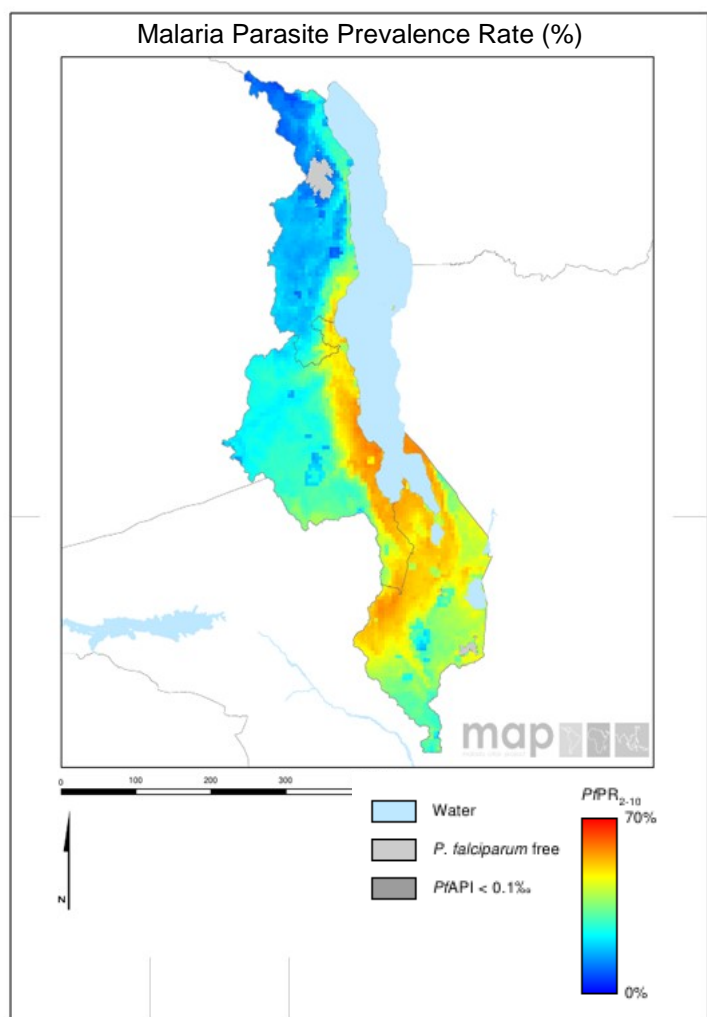


### Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Malaria is endemic in all parts of Malawi. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 5,065,703 with 4,490 deaths.

#### Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control		
LLIN financing 2016 projection (% of need)		71
Public sector RDT financing 2016 projection (% of need)		99
Public sector ACT financing 2016 projection (% of need)		100
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2015 (CPIA Cluster D)		3.1
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact		
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010		2
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2014 and data reported to WHO		
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan		
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2013)		
Operational LLINIRS coverage (% of at risk population)		100
>75% Decrease in Malaria Incidence Projected 2000–2015		
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health		
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015)		61
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015)		61
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant		90
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	▼	39
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	▼	61
Vitamin A Coverage 2014 (2 doses)	▼	41
DPT3 coverage 2015 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)		88

#### Key

	Target achieved or on track
	Progress but more effort required
	Not on track
	No data/Not applicable

## **Malaria**

### **Progress**

Malawi has secured sufficient resources to finance the majority of the ACTs and RDTs required for 2016. Sufficient LLINs have been procured to achieve 100% operational coverage and the country rolled out the universal coverage campaign in the first quarter of 2016. Malawi has scaled up iCCM. Malawi has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2014 and has reported the results to WHO.

### **Impact**

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 5,065,703 with 4,490 deaths. WHO, through modeling, projects that Malawi has achieved a 50%-75% decrease in malaria incidence between 2000 and 2015.

### **Previous Key Recommended Action**

Malawi has responded to the recommended action addressing the status of the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan.

## **MNCH**





### **Progress**

High coverage has also been obtained for the tracer MNCH interventions, including coverage of skilled birth attendance, exclusive breastfeeding, DPT3, vitamin A and ART coverage in the total population and in children. Malawi has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development and launch of the Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard.

### **New Key Recommended Actions**

<b>Objective</b>	<b>Action Item</b>	<b>Suggested completion timeframe</b>
MNCH <sup>1</sup> : Optimise quality of care	a) Identify and address reasons for decreasing vitamin A coverage	Q3 2017
	b) Identify and address reasons for decreasing postnatal care coverage	Q3 2017
	c) Identify and address reasons for decreasing exclusive breastfeeding coverage	Q3 2017

### **Key**

	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due

<sup>1</sup> MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA