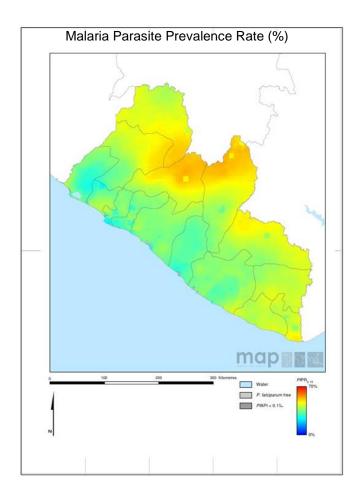
Liberia ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter Two, 2019



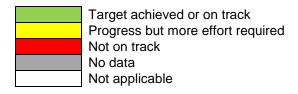
Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Commodities Financed and Financial Control		
LLIN financing 2019 projection (% of need)		10
Public sector RDT financing 2019 projection (% of need)		10
Public sector ACT financing 2019 projection (% of need)		10
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2017 (CPIA Cluster D)		2.
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation	and	Impact
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010		
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO		
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan		
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2017)		
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)		10
Change in Estimated Malaria Incidence(2010–2017)		
Change in Estimated Malaria Mortality rate(2010–2017)		
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and	NTI)s
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2017)		7
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2018)	•	3
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2018)	1
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant		6
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)		7
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)		5
Vitamin A Coverage 2017 (2 doses)		9

The entire population of Liberia is at high risk for malaria. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was 1,342,953 with 758 deaths.

Key



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Malaria

Progress

Liberia secured the resources required for the procurement and distribution of the antimalarial commodities required in 2019 and has distributed sufficient LLINs to achieve universal operational coverage. The country has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2015 and has reported the results to WHO. Liberia has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of a Malaria Control and Elimination Scorecard. The country has decreased the estimated malaria incidence by more than 40% since 2010.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was 1,342,953 with 758 deaths.

RMNCAH and NTDs

Progress

Liberia has achieved good coverage in the tracer RMNCAH indicator of exclusive breastfeeding, postnatal care and vitamin A coverage. Liberia has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development and launch of the Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard.

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Liberia is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for lymphatic filariasis, onchocerciasis, schistosomiasis, and soil transmitted helminths. Preventive chemotherapy coverage in Liberia is high for soil transmitted helminths (96%) and good for lymphatic filariasis (84%) and onchocerciasis (84%), whilst schistosomiasis is 38%. Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Liberia in 2017 is 71, which represents a substantial increase compared with the 2016 index value (62).

Previous Key Recommended Action

Liberia has responded positively to the RMNCAH recommended action addressing low coverage of ARTs, with recent increases in coverage noted, and continues to track progress as this action is implemented.