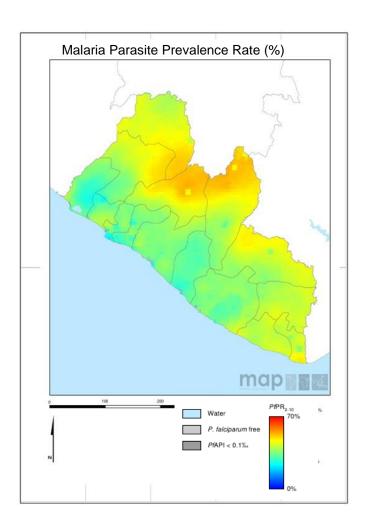
# **Liberia ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter Three, 2018**



## **Scorecard for Accountability and Action**



Commodities Financed and Financial Control		
LLIN financing 2018 projection (% of need)		10
Public sector RDT financing 2018 projection (% of need)		10
Public sector ACT financing 2018 projection (% of need)		10
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2017 (CPIA Cluster D)		2.
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation a	nd	Impact
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010		
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO		
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan		
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2017)		
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)		10
Reduced Malaria Incidence by >40% by 2020 (vs 2015) (projected)		
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and I	NTE	)s
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2016)		6
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2017)		2
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2017)		1
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant		6
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)		7
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)		5
Vitamin A Coverage 2016 (2 doses)		9
DPT3 coverage 2017 (vaccination among 0-11		8

The entire population of Liberia is at high risk for malaria. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2016 was 2,343,410 with 1,259 deaths.

#### Key



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#### Malaria

#### **Progress**

Liberia secured the resources required for the procurement and distribution of the antimalarial commodities required in 2018 and has distributed sufficient LLINs to achieve universal operational coverage. The country has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2015 and has reported the results to WHO. Liberia has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of a Malaria Control and Elimination Scorecard.

#### **Impact**

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2016 was 2,343,410 with 1,259 deaths.

**Previous Key Recommended Action** 

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Vector control	Given the reported mosquito resistance to 3 classes of insecticide, urgently finalise and implement the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan	Q1 2017		The country has requested technical support from WHO to help finalise the completion of the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan

#### **MNCH and NTDs**

### **Progress**

Liberia has achieved good coverage in the tracer MNCH indicator of exclusive breastfeeding and has recently increased vitamin A coverage. Liberia has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development and launch of the Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard.

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Liberia is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for lymphatic filariasis, onchocerciasis, schistosomiasis, and soil transmitted helminths. Preventive chemotherapy coverage in Liberia is high for soil transmitted helminths (90%) and good for lymphatic filariasis (74%), onchocerciasis (74%), whilst schistosomiasis is 31%. Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Liberia in 2016 is 62, which represents a substantial increase compared with the 2015 index value (10).

#### **Previous Key Recommended Actions**

Liberia has responded positively to the MNCH recommended action addressing low coverage of ARTs, with recent increases in coverage noted, and continues to track progress as this action is implemented.

