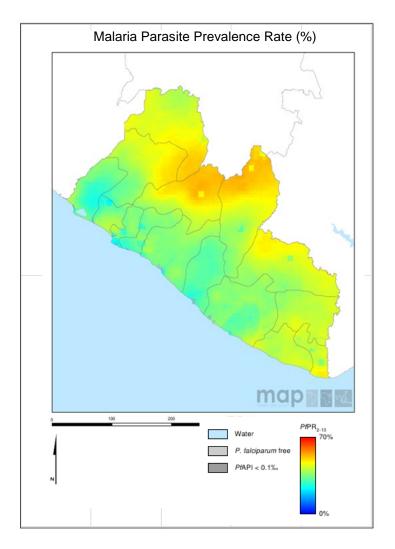
Liberia ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter One, 2016



Scorecard for Accountability and Action

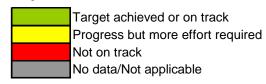


Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control		
Commodities Financed and Financial Control		
LLIN financing 2016 projection (% of need)		10
Public sector RDT financing 2016 projection (% of need)		10
Public sector ACT financing 2016 projection (% of need)		10
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2014 (CPIA Cluster D)		2.
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and	d I	m pact
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010		
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2014 and data reported to WHO	8	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan		
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2013)		
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)		10
>75% Decrease in Malaria Incidence Projected 2000–2015		
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health		
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2014)		2
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2014)		1
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant		6
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)		7
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)		5
Vitamin A Coverage 2013 (2 doses)		8

The entire population of Liberia is at high risk for malaria. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 1,066,107 with 2,288 deaths.

Key



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Malaria

Progress

Liberia has secured the resources required for the procurement and distribution of the antimalarial commodities required in 2016. The country has also distributed sufficient LLINs to achieve operational universal coverage in 2015. Liberia was awarded the 2016 ALMA Award for Excellence for Performance in Malaria Control between 2011 and 2015. The country has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2014 and has reported the results to WHO. Liberia has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of a Malaria Control and Elimination Scorecard.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 1,066,107 with 2,288 deaths. WHO, through modeling, projects that Liberia has achieved a 50%-75% decrease in malaria incidence between 2000 and 2015.

Previous Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Address funding	Ensure the NFM concept note is submitted by Q1 2015 and ensure that resources are allocated to malaria control at a level that is sufficient to sustain the gains made in recent years	Q1 2015		Liberia submitted the Global Fund concept note in Q1 2016

New Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
Vector Control	Report to WHO on the status of the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan	Q1 2017

MNCH

Progress

Liberia has achieved good coverage in the tracer MNCH indicators of postnatal care and has recently increased coverage of vitamin A. Liberia has achieved MDG4 by reducing under-five child mortality by over two-thirds since 1990. Liberia has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development and launch of the Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard.

Key Challenge

Ensuring the coverage of essential health services following the ebola outbreak.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Ac	tion Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
MNCH ¹ : Optimise quality of care	a)	Work to increase coverage of PMTCT	Q3 2016		Deliverable not yet due
3 5 5 7 5	b)	Work to address decreasing DPT3 coverage	Q4 2016		Deliverable not yet due

New Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
MNCH ¹ : Optimise quality of care	Work to accelerate coverage of ARTs especially in children under 14 years of age	Q1 2017



¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA