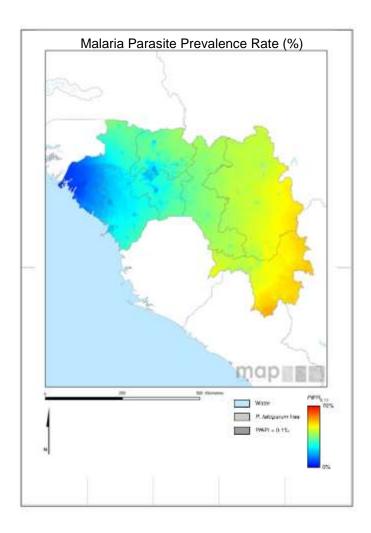
Guinea ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter Two, 2018



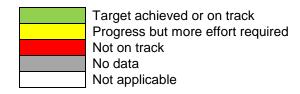
Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Commodities Financed and Financial Control	
LLIN financing 2018 projection (% of need)	10
Public sector RDT financing 2018 projection (% of need)	10
Public sector ACT financing 2018 projection (% of need)	10
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2017 (CPIA Cluster D)	2.
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and I	mpact
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	
Scale of Implementation of ICCM (2017)	
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	6
Reduced Malaria Incidence by >40% by 2020 (vs 2015) (projected)	
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and NTD	5
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2016)	5
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2017)	3
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2017)	1
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	6
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	5
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	3
Vitamin A Coverage 2016 (2 doses)	
DPT3 coverage 2017 (vaccination among 0-11	4

The entire population of Guinea is at risk of malaria. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2016 was 992,146 with 867 deaths.

Key



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Malaria

Progress

Guinea has secured sufficient resources for the ACTs, RDTs and LLINs required in 2018. The country has completed the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan, carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2015 and has reported the results to WHO. The country has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of a Malaria Control and Elimination Scorecard.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2016 was 992,146 with 867 deaths.

Key Challenge

 Re-invigorating the coverage of essential health services following the ebola outbreak.

MNCH and NTDs

Progress

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Guinea is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for lymphatic filariasis, onchocerciasis, schistosomiasis, soil transmitted helminths and trachoma. Preventive chemotherapy coverage in Guinea is good for lymphatic filariasis (73%), 66% for onchocerciasis, 25% for schistosomiasis and 47% for soil transmitted helminths. Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Guinea in 2016 is 50, which represents a substantial increase compared with the 2015 index value (11).

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Guinea has responded on the recommended actions on low coverage of ARTs and exclusive breastfeeding, and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

New Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
MNCH ¹ : Optimise quality of care	Investigate and address the reasons for the lack of reported data on vitamin A coverage	Q2 2019

¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA