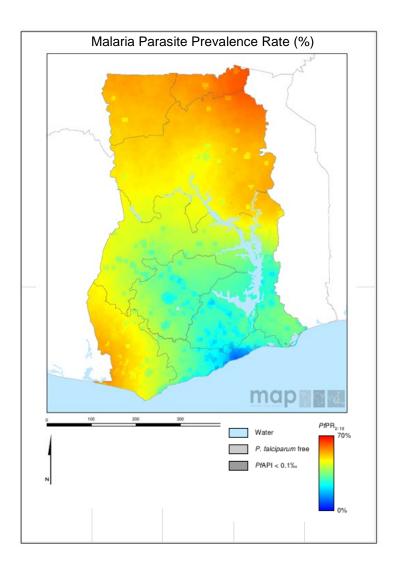
Ghana ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter Three, 2016



Scorecard for Accountability and Action



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Commodities Financed and Financial Control		
LLIN financing 2016 projection (% of need)		100
Public sector RDT financing 2016 projection (% of need)		100
Public sector ACT financing 2016 projection (% of need)		100
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2015 (CPIA Cluster D)	•	3.7
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation a	nd	lm p act
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010		3
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2014 and data reported to WHO		
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan		
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2013)		
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)		100
>75% Decrease in Malaria Incidence Projected 2000–2015		
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health		
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015)		34
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015)		27
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant		74
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)		81
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)		52
Vitamin A Coverage 2014 (2 doses)	•	23
DPT3 coverage 2015 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	•	88

The entire population of Ghana is at risk of malaria. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 8,453,557 with 2,200 deaths.

Key



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Malaria

Progress

Ghana has secured sufficient resources for the essential anti-malarial commodities required to sustain coverage in 2016 and has achieved 100% operational coverage of vector control. The country has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2014 and has reported the results to WHO. Ghana has scaled up coverage of iCCM. Ghana has further increased its already high rating in terms of public sector management systems (CPIA cluster D).

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 8,453,557 with 2,200 deaths. WHO, through modeling, estimates that there has been a less than 50% decrease in malaria incidence between 2000 and 2015.

Key Challenge

• Insecticide resistance threatens vector control effectiveness.

Previous Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Vector control	Given the reported mosquito resistance to 4 classes of insecticide, urgently finalise and implement the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan	Q1 2017		Deliverable not yet due but the country has requested technical support in vector control

MNCH

Progress

The country has achieved high coverage of tracer MNCH interventions, in particular DPT3 vaccination, vitamin A, and postnatal care. The country has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of a Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard.

Previous Kev Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
MNCH ¹ : Optimise quality of care	Work to accelerate coverage of ARTs in the total population and in children under 14 years of age	Q1 2017		Ghana has increased ART coverage by 4% in both the total population and in children. Ghana has developed a national paediatric ART acceleration plan aligned to 90-90-90 (2016-2018/9) and has shifted policy to Test-and-Treat for all children and Option B+ for PMTCT. Early initiation of ART among adults and children based on the WHO revised guidelines 2013 is being prioritised including emphasis on improved early infant diagnosis through integration with EPI services and prompt linkage of positive children to treatment

New Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
MNCH ¹ : Optimise	a) Identify and address reasons for decreasing vitamin A coverage	Q3 2017
quality of care	b) Identify and address reasons for decreasing DPT3 coverage	Q3 2017



¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA