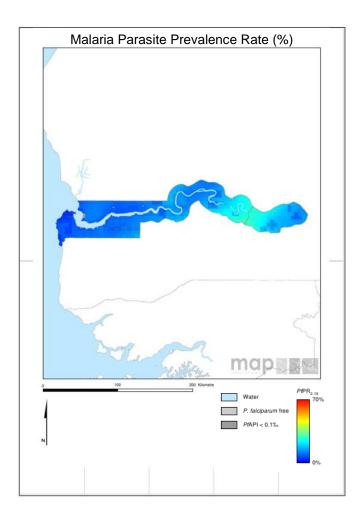
## The Gambia ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter One, 2017

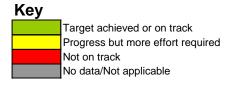


## **Scorecard for Accountability and Action**



#### Metrics Commodities Financed and Financial Control LLIN financing 2017 projection (% of need) 100 Public sector RDT financing 2017 projection (% of 69 Public sector ACT financing 2017 projection (% of 86 need) World Bank rating on public sector management 2.9 and institutions 2015 (CPIA Cluster D) Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010 Insecticide resistance monitored since 2014 and data reported to WHO National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2016) Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk 100 population) Estimated change in malaria incidence rate (2010 - 2015)Estimated change in malaria mortality rate (2010 - 2015)Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who 24 have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015) Estimated % of children (0-14 years old) living with 24 HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015) % deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant 57 Postnatal care (within 48 hrs) 76 Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months) 47 Vitamin A Coverage 2014 (2 doses)

The entire population of The Gambia is at high risk of malaria and transmission is intense for most of the year. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2015 was 249,437 with 167 deaths.



DPT3 coverage 2015 (vaccination among 0-11

month olds)

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## **Malaria**

## **Progress**

The Gambia continues to make good progress with malaria control, including through the implementation of iCCM and has secured resources to finance the majority of the malaria commodities required for 2017. The country has procured sufficient LLINs to sustain 100% operational coverage in 2017. The Gambia has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of a Malaria Control and Elimination Scorecard.

### **Impact**

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2015 was 249,437 with 167 deaths. WHO estimates that the country has achieved a change of less than 20% in the malaria incidence rate and malaria mortality rate for the period 2010 - 2015.

**Previous Key Recommended Actions** 

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Address funding	Ensure the GF malaria funding application is submitted by Q1 2017 and ensure that resources are allocated to malaria control at a level that is sufficient to sustain the gains made in recent years	Q1 2017		The country submitted the GF malaria funding application in Q1 2017. Resources were allocated to malaria control at a level that is sufficient to sustain the gains made in recent years

## MNCH

### **Progress**

The country has achieved high coverage of the tracer MNCH interventions postnatal care and DPT3 vaccination. The Gambia has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of the Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard.

**Previous Key Recommended Actions** 

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
MNCH <sup>1</sup> : Optimise quality of care	Work to accelerate coverage of ARTs in the total population and in children under 14 years of age	Q1 2017		The Gambia has recently adopted the 2013 WHO HIV treatment guideline, with all positive pregnant women and babies enrolled into ART. The country is rolling out ART outreach sites, establishing quarterly mentoring of ART sites, introducing point of care in all PMTCT sites and establishing new ART sites from private sector facilities. The eligibility criteria of CD4 of 350 has been increased to CD4 of 500 to further increase access to ART services. The country has increased coverage in the total population and children to 24%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA

The Gambia has responded positively to the MNCH recommended action addressing the low coverage of vitamin A.

