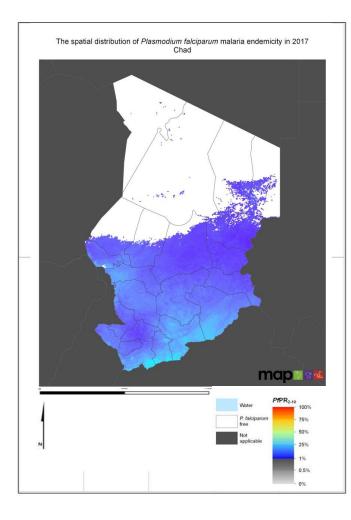
# Chad ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter Three, 2019



## Scorecard for Accountability and Action



#### Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control				
LLIN financing 2019 projection (% of need)		100		
Public sector RDT financing 2019 projection (% of need)	T	66		
Public sector ACT financing 2019 projection (% of need)	T	63		
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2018 (CPIA Cluster D)		2.6		

Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact

Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO				
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan				
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2017)				
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	100			
Change in Estimated Malaria Incidence(2010–2017)				
Change in Estimated Malaria Mortality rate(2010–2017)				
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and NTD	s			
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2017)	65			
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2018)				
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2018)	16			

HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2018)		
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	20	
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	16	
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	1	
Vitamin A Coverage 2017 (2 doses)	67	
DPT3 coverage 2018 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	41	

### Key

Malaria transmission in Chad is intense in the south of the country. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was 1,962,372 with 2,088 deaths.



Target achieved or on track Progress but more effort required Not on track No data Not applicable



# Malaria

### Progress

Chad has secured the resources for the required LLINs required for 2019. The country has procured sufficient LLINs to achieve operational universal coverage of the targeted at risk population. The country has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of a Malaria Scorecard. Chad has decreased the estimated malaria mortality rate by more than 40% since 2010.

#### Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was 1,962,372 with 2,088 deaths.

#### **Key Challenges**

- Weak health information system.
- Insufficient resources to fully implement the national strategic plan.

#### **Previous Key Recommended Actions**

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Vector Control	Report on the status of insecticide resistance monitoring to WHO	Q3 2018		Chad has developed an Insecticide Resistance Management Plan as part of their National Malaria Strategic Plan. Technical and financial support from WHO is currently being sought to implement routine monitoring of insecticide resistance from 7 sentinel sites countrywide
Enact high level policy and strategy change	Improve rule-based governance, quality of budgetary and financial management, efficiency of revenue mobilisation, quality of public administration, and transparency and accountability in the public sector	Q3 2013		No progress reported

Chad has responded positively to the recommended actions for the development of the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan.

# **RMNCAH and NTDs**

#### Progress

Chad has recently increased the coverage of ARTs in the population, as well as coverage of vitamin A. The country has enhanced tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of a Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard.

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Chad is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for lymphatic filariasis, onchocerciasis, schistosomiasis, soil transmitted helminths and trachoma. Preventive chemotherapy coverage in Chad is high for trachoma (92%) and Onchocerciasis (81%) and Lymphatic Filariasis (83%), 58% for Schistosomiasis and low for soil transmitted helminths (48%). Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Chad in 2017 is 65, which represents a very substantial increase compared with the 2016 index value (10).

# Previous Key Recommended Actions

Chad has responded positively to the recommended actions for skilled birth attendants, exclusive breastfeeding, ART coverage in children, with a 3% increase reported over the last year, and postnatal care and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

### Key

Action achieved			
Some progress			
No progress			
Deliverable not yet due			