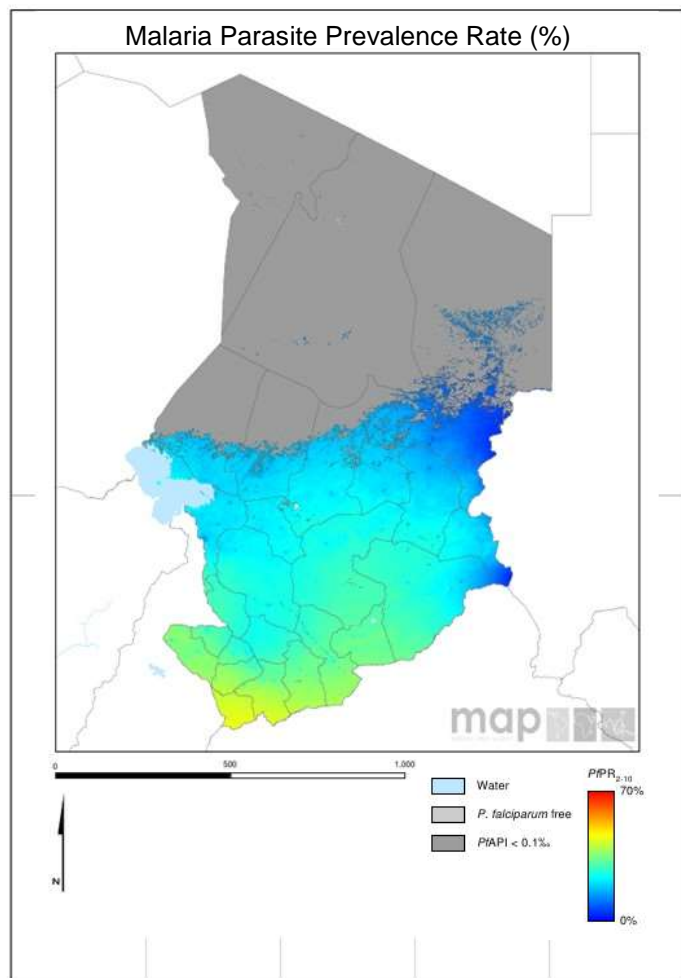


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Malaria transmission in Chad is intense in the south of the country. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2016 was 1,402,215 with 1,686 deaths.

Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control	
LLIN financing 2018 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector RDT financing 2018 projection (% of need)	82
Public sector ACT financing 2018 projection (% of need)	100
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2016 (CPIA Cluster D)	2.7
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact	
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	2
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2017)	
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	100
Reduced Malaria Incidence by >40% by 2020 (vs 2015) (projected)	
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and NTDs	
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2016)	10
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2016)	39
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2016)	13
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	20
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	16
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	1
Vitamin A Coverage 2015 (2 doses)	85
DPT3 coverage 2016 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	78

Key

	Target achieved or on track
	Progress but more effort required
	Not on track
	No data
	Not applicable

Malaria

Progress

Chad has secured sufficient resources for the required LLINs and ACTs required for 2018. The country has procured sufficient LLINs to achieve operational universal coverage.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2016 was 1,402,215 with 1,686 deaths.

Key Challenge

- Weak health information system.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Vector Control	Given the reported mosquito resistance to 2 classes of insecticide, urgently finalise and implement the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan	Q1 2017		The insecticide resistance management plan will be developed once the data from the current monitoring exercise are analysed. The NMCP will request the needed technical assistance from WHO/AFRO
Vector Control	Report on the status of insecticide resistance monitoring to WHO	Q3 2018		Deliverable not yet due

MNCH and NTDs

Progress

Chad has enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of a Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard.

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Chad is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for lymphatic filariasis, onchocerciasis, schistosomiasis, soil transmitted helminths and trachoma. Preventive chemotherapy coverage in Chad is 51% for lymphatic filariasis, 68% for onchocerciasis and 38% for trachoma but coverage for schistosomiasis and soil transmitted helminths are low (0% and 6% respectively). Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Chad in 2016 is 10, which represents an increase compared with the 2015 index value (1).

Previous Key Recommended Actions





Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
MNCH ¹ : Optimise quality of care	a) Work to accelerate coverage of ARTs in the total population and in children under 14 years of age	Q2 2018		Deliverable not yet due
	b) Address the decreasing vitamin A coverage	Q4 2018		Deliverable not yet due
NTDs	Given the good coverage achieved in Onchocerciasis and Lymphatic Filariasis Preventive Chemotherapy (PC), implement PC for Schistosomiasis and work to increase the coverage for Soil Transmitted Helminths and Trachoma	Q4 2018		The country reports that high coverage of Preventive Chemotherapy has been achieved for Onchocerciasis (over 95%), Lymphatic filariasis (around 97%), Soil Transmitted Helminths (around 94%) and Schistosomiasis (93%)

Chad has responded positively to the MNCH recommended actions addressing low coverage of skilled birth attendants, which have since increased coverage. Additionally, the country has responded positively to the recommended actions for exclusive breastfeeding, accelerating coverage of ARTs and the lack of data for postnatal care and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

New Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
MNCH ¹ : Optimise quality of care	Investigate and address the reasons for the decrease in skilled birth attendants	Q1 2019

Key

	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due

¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA