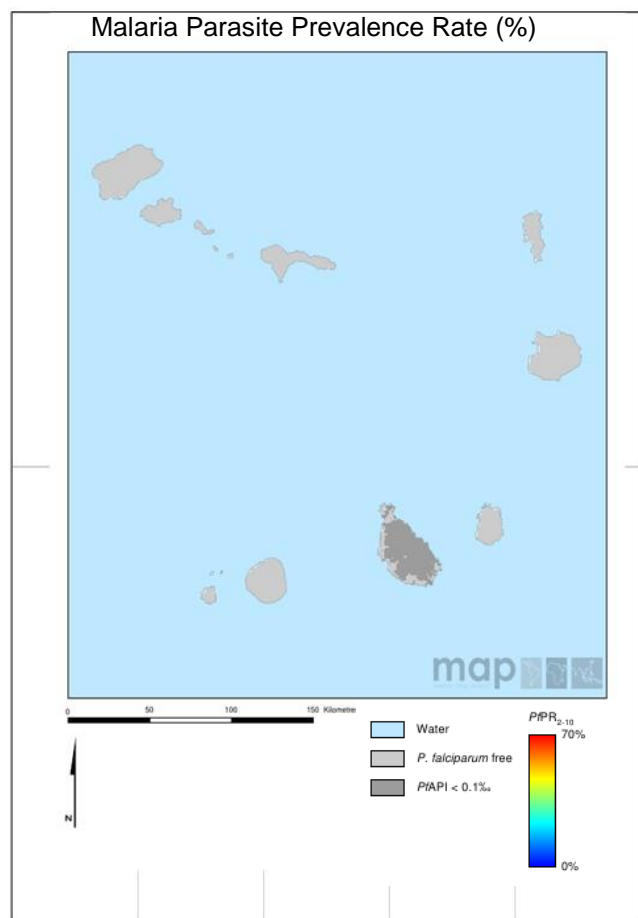


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



In Cabo Verde, 58% of the population lives in areas where there is a low risk of malaria; the rest of the country is malaria-free. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was 892 with one death.

Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control	
IRS financing 2019 (% of at-risk population)	
Public sector RDT financing 2019 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector ACT financing 2019 projection (% of need)	100
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2017 (CPIA Cluster D)	3.9
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact	
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	1
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2017)	
IRS Operational Coverage (%)	77
Change in Estimated Malaria Incidence(2010–2017)	
Change in Estimated Malaria Mortality rate(2010–2017)	
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and NTDs	
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2017)	
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2018)	▲ 89
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2018)	
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	93
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	60
Vitamin A Coverage 2017 (2 doses)	
DPT3 coverage 2017 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	96

Key

	Target achieved or on track
	Progress but more effort required
	Not on track
	No data
	Not applicable

Malaria

Progress

Cabo Verde secured sufficient resources to sustain universal coverage of key malaria interventions in 2019 including for IRS, ACTs and RDTs. WHO has identified Cabo Verde as being a country with the potential to eliminate local transmission of malaria by 2020. The country has completed the insecticide resistance management and implementation plan and has submitted insecticide resistance data to WHO. Cabo Verde has a high rating in terms of public sector management systems (CPIA cluster D). The country has enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of the Malaria Elimination Scorecard.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was 892 with one death. Cabo Verde experienced a significant increase in malaria cases and deaths in 2017 and investigated and addressed the underlying reason for this upsurge.

Key Challenges

- Sustaining malaria control gains as the country prepares for elimination.
- Malaria upsurges were reported in 2016 and 2017.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Vector Control	Address the decreasing IRS coverage	Q4 2019		Deliverable not yet due

The country has addressed the previous recommended action concerning the control of the malaria upsurges reported in 2017. Cabo Verde targeted its vector control efforts to affected neighbourhoods and as a result, the country has been malaria-free since January 2018.

RMNCAH and NTDs

Progress

The country has achieved high coverage of the tracer RMNCAH interventions, DPT3 vaccination, skilled birth attendants, exclusive breastfeeding and coverage of ARTs in the total population.

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Cabo Verde is measured using preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for soil transmitted helminths. The country has not reported on the preventive chemotherapy coverage data in 2017 to WHO.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
NTDs	As a priority, submit the data on Preventive Chemotherapy (PC) coverage of Schistosomiasis and Soil Transmitted Helminths	Q1 2019		Cabo Verde report that they have submitted their Soil Transmitted Helminths data. The reported coverage was 98% for children in schools and nurseries. Similarly high coverage was also reported in 2018

Cabo Verde has responded positively to the RMNCAH recommended actions addressing lack of data on postnatal care, ART coverage in children and vitamin A and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

Key

	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due