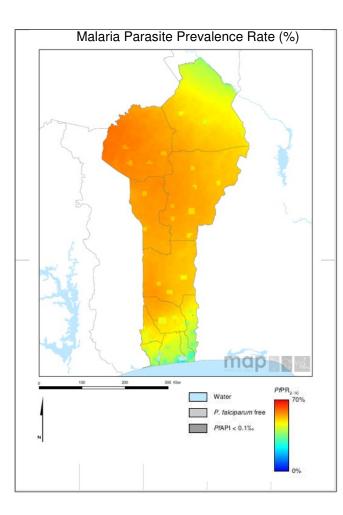
Benin ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter One, 2019



Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control		
LLIN financing 2019 projection (% of need)	100	
Public sector RDT financing 2019 projection (% of need)	100	
Public sector ACT financing 2019 projection (% of need)	100	
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2017 (CPIA Cluster D)	3.3	

Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact

Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	4
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2017)	
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	100
Change in Estimated Malaria Incidence(2010–2017)	
Change in Estimated Malaria Mortality rate(2010–2017)	

Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and NTDs

Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2017)	77
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2017)	55
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2017)	27
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	77
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	78
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children <6 months)	41
Vitamin A Coverage 2016 (2 doses)	94
DPT3 coverage 2017 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	82

Key

Malaria is endemic throughout Benin. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was 1,719,171 with 2,182 deaths.



Target achieved or on track Progress but more effort required Not on track No data Not applicable

Malaria

Progress

Benin has achieved universal operational coverage of vector control. The country has successfully raised resources for the financing of the required number of LLINs, RDTs and ACTs in 2019. Benin has scaled up implementation of iCCM. The country has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2015 and has reported the results to WHO. Benin has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of the Malaria Scorecard.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2017 was 1,719,171 with 2,182 deaths.

Key Challenge

• Insecticide resistance threatens vector control effectiveness.

RMNCAH

Progress

Benin has made good progress on tracer RMNCAH interventions, in particular skilled birth attendants, vitamin A and postnatal care coverage, and has recently increased coverage of DPT3.

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Benin is measured by using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for lymphatic filariasis, onchocerciasis, schistosomiasis, soil transmitted helminths and trachoma. Preventive chemotherapy coverage for trachoma in Benin is high (97%) and good for lymphatic filariasis (82%), onchocerciasis (74%), schistosomiasis (74%) and for soil transmitted helminths (62%). Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Benin in 2017 is 77 and shows substantial increase over the 2016 index value (58).

Previous Key Recommended Action

Benin has responded positively to the MNCH recommended action addressing the low coverage of ARTs in children and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.