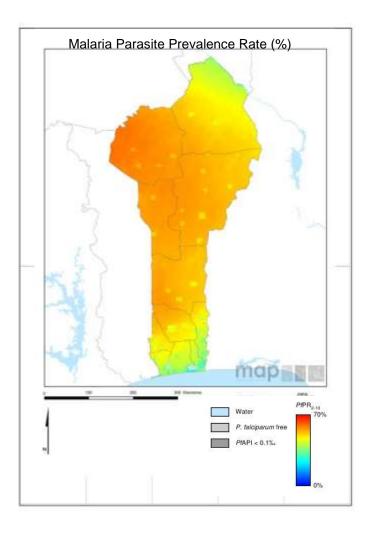
Benin ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter One, 2018



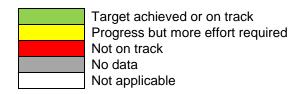
Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Commodities Financed and Financial Control				
LLIN financing 2018 projection (% of need)	77			
Public sector RDT financing 2018 projection (% of need) Public sector ACT financing 2018 projection (% of need)				
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Ir	npact			
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010				
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2015 and data reported to WHO				
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan				
Scale of Implementation of ICCM (2017)				
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	100			
Reduced Malaria Incidence by >40% by 2020 (vs 2015) (projected)				
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health and NTD				
Mass Treatment Coverage for Neglected Tropical Disease (NTD index, %)(2016)	51			
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2016)	5			
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2016)				
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant				
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)				
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)				
Vitamin A Coverage 2015 (2 doses)				
DPT3 coverage 2016 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	6			

Malaria is endemic throughout Benin. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2016 was 1,374,729 with 1,646 deaths.

Key



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Malaria

Progress

Benin has achieved universal operational coverage of vector control. The country has successfully raised resources for the financing of the required number of RDTs and ACTs in 2018. Benin has scaled up implementation of iCCM. The country has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2015 and has reported the results to WHO.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2016 was 1,374,729 with 1,646 deaths.

Key Challenge

• Insecticide resistance threatens vector control effectiveness.

MNCH

Progress

Benin has made good progress on tracer MNCH interventions, in particular skilled birth attendants, vitamin A and postnatal care coverage.

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in Benin is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for lymphatic filariasis, onchocerciasis, schistosomiasis, soil transmitted helminths and trachoma. Preventive chemotherapy coverage for soil transmitted helminths in Benin is high (96%). In addition, coverage is 56% for lymphatic filariasis, 57% for onchocerciasis, 59% for schistosomiasis and 39% for trachoma. Overall, the NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Benin in 2016 is 58 and shows substantial improvement over the 2015 index value (18).

Previous Key Recommended Actions

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Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report		
MNCH ¹ : Optimise quality of care	Identify and address reasons for the decrease in coverage of DPT3	Q2 2018		Deliverable not yet due		

Benin has responded positively to the MNCH recommended action addressing the low coverage of ARTs in children and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.



¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA