The entire population of The Gambia is at high risk of malaria and transmission is intense for most of the year. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2020 was 75,801 with 73 deaths.
Sustaining Essential Health Services During the COVID-19 Pandemic

The COVID-19 pandemic has disrupted routine health services considerably, and the economic impacts continue to hamper health systems recovery. It is vitally important that we focus on recovering lost ground in delivering essential life-saving interventions during this difficult time, sustaining progress towards the SDG targets for Malaria, Neglected Tropical Diseases and Reproductive, Maternal, New-born, Child and Adolescent health.

Given the difficulties in securing essential health commodities in Africa during the COVID-19 pandemic, it is of vital importance that countries sign, ratify and deposit the African Medicines Agency (AMA) instrument with the AUC in order to improve access to quality, safe and efficacious medical products in Africa. Early procurement of essential health commodities is also highly recommended whilst long delivery times persist.

The country has been affected by the continent-wide restriction of access to COVID-19 vaccines and had only been able to cover 14% of their population by October 2022. The country, working with partners, should invest in education and behaviour change communication to increase the uptake of COVID vaccines and therapeutics.

Malaria Progress

The Gambia secured sufficient resources to finance the malaria commodities required for 2022. The country has procured sufficient LLINs and carried out IRS to sustain 100% operational coverage of the targeted at risk population. The country has recently submitted the results of insecticide resistance monitoring to WHO and has carried out drug resistance testing since 2018 and has reported the results to WHO. The national strategic plan includes activities targeting refugees. The Gambia has decreased the estimated malaria incidence by more than 40% since 2015.

In line with the priority agenda of the ALMA chair, His Excellency President Umaro Sissoco Embaló, the Gambia has enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of a Malaria Control and Elimination Scorecard, although this has not yet been shared to the ALMA Scorecard Hub.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2020 was 75,801 with 73 deaths.

Key Challenge

- Sustaining the delivery of essential life-saving interventions during the COVID-19 pandemic including for Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn, Adolescent and Child health, malaria and Neglected Tropical Diseases.
## Previous Key Recommended Actions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Action Item</th>
<th>Suggested completion timeframe</th>
<th>Progress</th>
<th>Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Impact</td>
<td>Ensure that malaria services including case management and vector control are sustained and implemented whilst using COVID-19 sensitive guidelines during the pandemic</td>
<td>Q4 2022</td>
<td></td>
<td>The country conducted Indoor Residual Spraying in 2 regions. The digitalized ITN mass campaign was implemented, and this was also synchronized with the distribution in 2 bordering districts in Senegal. Diagnosis and treatment activities were implemented countrywide. The SMC campaign was completed as planned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Policy</td>
<td>Sign, ratify and deposit the AMA instrument at the AUC</td>
<td>Q1 2023</td>
<td></td>
<td>Deliverable not yet due</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Address vector control coverage</td>
<td>Ensure that RDT stocks are replenished to avoid stock outs</td>
<td>Q4 2023</td>
<td></td>
<td>The country has secured good supplies of RDTs with over 6 months of stock</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## RMNCAH and NTDs

### Progress

Progress in addressing Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) in The Gambia is measured using a composite index calculated from preventive chemotherapy coverage achieved for schistosomiasis, soil transmitted helminths, and trachoma. In 2020, preventive chemotherapy coverage was 100% for trachoma and 0% for soil-transmitted helminths and schistosomiasis. The NTD preventive chemotherapy coverage index for Gambia in 2020 is 1, which represents a decrease compared with the 2019 index value (8).
### Previous Key Recommended Actions

<table>
<thead>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RMNCAH¹: Impact</td>
<td>Ensure that essential RMNCAH services are sustained and implemented whilst using Covid-19 sensitive guidelines during the pandemic. Address any stock-outs of essential RMNCAH commodities</td>
<td>Q4 2022</td>
<td>The Ministry of Health established a committee to oversee the implementation of activities to ensure continuity of Health Services in the country. RMNCAH routine activities continued as planned including the monitoring of Reproductive Health services in the health facilities, training of health care providers on Emergency Maternal, Neonatal and Child Health, monitoring on Kabolama implementation at community level which is a model of cluster supporting reproductive health at community level</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NTDs</td>
<td>Given the high coverage of Preventive Chemotherapy (PC) for trachoma, work to increase the preventive chemotherapy coverage for soil transmitted helminthiasis and implement preventive chemotherapy for schistosomiasis, including mobilizing the necessary resources and community surveillance systems. Ensure that NTD interventions including Mass Drug Administration, vector control and Morbidity Management and Disability Prevention are sustained and implemented whilst using Covid-19 sensitive guidelines during the pandemic. This includes prioritising key necessary catch-up activities</td>
<td>Q4 2022</td>
<td>The country is conducting the NTD control and elimination activities whilst respecting COVID-19 preventive measures. In Q3 2022, the country completed the NTD Master plan for 2022-2026 and is waiting for its validation. The country is also conducting NTD surveillance activities while waiting to have schistosomiasis and soil transmitted helminthiasis MDA medicines expected by the end of October 2022. MDA will be conducted once those medicines are received</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Gambia has responded positively to the RMNCAH recommended actions addressing the low coverage of ARTs and vitamin A and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

**Key**

- [ ] Action achieved
- [ ] Some progress
- [x] No progress
- [ ] Deliverable not yet due

¹ RMNCAH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO