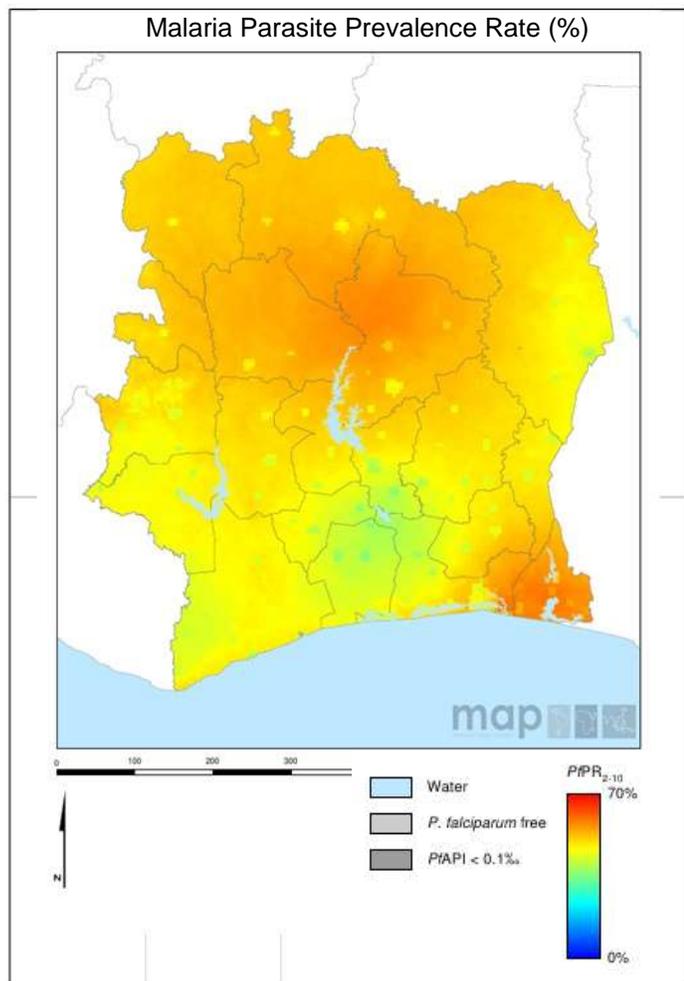


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Malaria transmission occurs all year round throughout Côte d'Ivoire, although it is more seasonal in the north of the country. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2015 was 3,606,725 with 2,604 deaths.

Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control	
LLIN financing 2016 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector RDT financing 2016 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector ACT financing 2016 projection (% of need)	100
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2015 (CPIA Cluster D)	3.1
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact	
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	4
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2014 and data reported to WHO	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2016)	▲
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	100
Estimated change in malaria incidence rate (2010–2015)	
Estimated change in malaria mortality rate (2010–2015)	
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health	
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015)	35
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015)	24
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	59
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	70
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	12
Vitamin A Coverage 2014 (2 doses)	99
DPT3 coverage 2015 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	83

Key

	Target achieved or on track
	Progress but more effort required
	Not on track
	No data/Not applicable

Malaria

The Global Fund

The Global Fund has announced that Cote d'Ivoire will receive € 189.6 million for HIV, tuberculosis, malaria, and health systems strengthening as the country allocation for 2018-2020. The Global Fund has determined the total allocation amount based on Cote d'Ivoire's disease burden and income level, as well as several other factors. The malaria component is also allocated a specific proportion of the total, according to a formula developed by the Global Fund that takes into account several factors, including disease burden and previous disbursements. For Cote d'Ivoire this is calculated at € 111.1 million. The allocations to the individual disease components are not fixed, and can be adjusted according to decisions made at country level. Cote d'Ivoire is urged to ensure that resources are allocated to malaria control from the overall Global Fund country allocation, as well as from domestic resources, to sustain the gains made in recent years.

Progress

Côte d'Ivoire has successfully raised resources for the financing of the required number of LLINs, RDTs, and ACTs in 2016 and has procured enough LLINs to achieve universal coverage of LLINs in 2016. The country has also scaled up implementation of iCCM.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2015 was 3,606,725 with 2,604 deaths. WHO estimates that the country has achieved a decrease of 20-40% in the malaria incidence rate and a decrease of greater than 40% in the malaria mortality rate for the period 2010 - 2015.

Key Challenge

- Securing longer term resources for malaria programming.

Previous Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Vector Control	Report the status of insecticide resistance monitoring to WHO and finalise and implement the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan	Q1 2017		There is a draft IRM plan in place. A workshop is planned to allow partners to provide input. The plan will be finalised and then shared broadly before the beginning of February 2017

New Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
Address funding	Ensure the GF malaria funding application is submitted by Q1 2017 and ensure that resources are allocated to malaria control at a level that is sufficient to sustain the gains made in recent years	Q1 2017

MNCH

Progress

The country has made progress on tracer MNCH interventions, with high coverage of vitamin A.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

Côte d'Ivoire has responded positively to the MNCH recommended action addressing low coverage of exclusive breastfeeding, accelerating coverage of ARTs and continues to track progress as this action is implemented.

Key

	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due