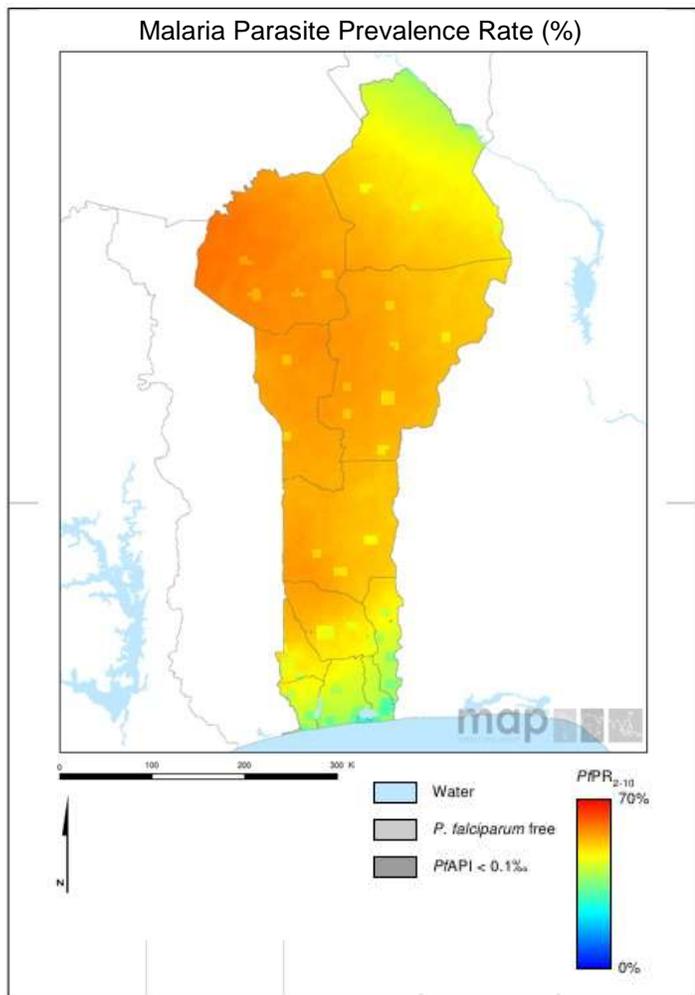


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control		
LLIN financing 2016 projection (% of need)	57	
Public sector RDT financing 2016 projection (% of need)	86	
Public sector ACT financing 2016 projection (% of need)	42	
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2015 (CPIA Cluster D)	3.3	
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact		
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	4	
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2014 and data reported to WHO		
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan		
Scale of Implementation of ICCM (2016)		▲
Operational LLINIRS coverage (% of at risk population)	100	
Estimated change in malaria incidence rate (2010–2015)		
Estimated change in malaria mortality rate (2010–2015)		
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health		
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015)	49	
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015)	39	
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	77	
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	78	
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	41	
Vitamin A Coverage 2014 (2 doses)	99	
DPT3 coverage 2015 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)	79	

Malaria is endemic throughout Benin. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2015 was 1,495,375 with 1,416 deaths.

Key

Green	Target achieved or on track
Yellow	Progress but more effort required
Red	Not on track
Grey	No data/Not applicable

Malaria

The Global Fund has announced that Benin will receive € 67 million for HIV, tuberculosis, malaria, and health systems strengthening as the country allocation for 2018-2020. The Global Fund has determined the total allocation amount based on Benin's disease burden and income level, as well as several other factors. The malaria component is also allocated a specific proportion of the total, according to a formula developed by the Global Fund that takes into account several factors, including disease burden and previous disbursements. For Benin this is calculated at € 32.9 million. The allocations to the individual disease components are not fixed, and can be adjusted according to decisions made at country level. Benin is urged to ensure that resources are allocated to malaria control from the overall Global Fund country allocation, as well as from domestic resources, to sustain the gains made in recent years.

Progress

Benin has made progress in malaria control, including achieving universal coverage of vector control. Benin has scaled up implementation of iCCM. The country has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2014 and has reported the results to WHO.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2015 was 1,495,375 with 1,416 deaths. WHO estimates that the country has achieved a change of less than 20% in the malaria incidence rate and a decrease of 20-40% in the malaria mortality rate for the period 2010 - 2015.

Key Challenge

- Insecticide resistance threatens vector control effectiveness.

Previous Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Vector Control	Given the reported mosquito resistance to 4 classes of insecticide, urgently finalise and implement the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan	Q1 2017		The country has requested support from WHO to support the drafting of the insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan

New Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
Address funding	Ensure the Global Fund malaria funding application is submitted by Q2 2017 and ensure that resources are allocated to malaria control at a level that is sufficient to sustain the gains made in recent years	Q2 2017

MNCH

Progress

Benin has made good progress on tracer MNCH interventions, in particular skilled birth attendants, vitamin A and postnatal care.

Previous Key Recommended Action

Benin has responded positively to the MNCH recommended action addressing the low coverage of ARTs in children and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

Key

	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due