Scorecard for Accountability and Action

Malaria transmission in Chad is intense in the south of the country. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 1,513,772 with 1,720 deaths.
Malaria

Progress
Chad has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2014 and has reported the results to WHO. The country has also scaled up iCCM implementation.

Impact
The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 1,513,772 with 1,720 deaths. WHO, through modeling, estimates that there has been a less than 50% decrease in malaria incidence between 2000 and 2015.

Key Challenge
- Weak health information system.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Action Item</th>
<th>Suggested completion timeframe</th>
<th>Progress</th>
<th>Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vector Control</td>
<td>Given the reported mosquito resistance to 2 classes of insecticide, urgently finalise and implement the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan</td>
<td>Q1 2017</td>
<td></td>
<td>Chad is seeking technical assistance to support the finalisation of the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enact high level policy and strategy change</td>
<td>Improve rule-based governance, quality of budgetary and financial management, efficiency of revenue mobilisation, quality of public administration, and transparency and accountability in the public sector</td>
<td>Q3 2013</td>
<td></td>
<td>No progress reported</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
MNCH

Progress

Chad has achieved high coverage in the tracer MNCH intervention, vitamin A coverage. The country has enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of a Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard.

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<td>MNCH¹: Optimise quality of care</td>
<td>Work to accelerate coverage of ARTs in the total population and in children under 14 years of age</td>
<td>Q1 2017</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>Deliverable not yet due but Chad has increased ART coverage by 7% in the total population and by 5% in children. Chad has developed a national paediatric ART acceleration plan aligned to 90-90-90 (2016-2018/9) and has shifted the policy to Test-and-Treat all children and Option B+ for PMTCT. The country is scaling up case-finding strategies in priority regions in line with the national paediatric ART acceleration plan and is decentralising paediatric ART services with plans to extend treatment coverage to 10 district hospitals and 142 health centres</td>
</tr>
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</table>

Chad has responded positively to the MNCH recommended actions addressing low coverage of skilled birth attendants, which have since increased coverage. Additionally, the country has responded positively to the recommended actions for exclusive breastfeeding and the lack of data for postnatal care and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

Key

- Green: Action achieved
- Yellow: Some progress
- Red: No progress
- Grey: Deliverable not yet due

¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA