Malaria transmission occurs year round in Cameroon and is most intense in the south of the country. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 1,369,518 with 4,398 deaths.
Malaria
Progress
Cameroon has committed domestic resources to fill the outstanding gap for the LLIN campaign and has secured sufficient resources to cover the costs of the LLINs, ACTs and RDTs needed in 2016. The country has procured sufficient LLINs to achieve universal operational coverage and has just completed the universal coverage campaign. The country has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2014 and has reported the results to WHO.

Impact
The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 1,369,518 with 4,398 deaths. WHO, through modeling, estimates that there has been a less than 50% decrease in malaria incidence between 2000 and 2015.

Key Challenge
• Ensuring domestic resources for malaria control are sustained and increased.

Previous Key Recommended Action

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Action Item</th>
<th>Suggested completion timeframe</th>
<th>Progress</th>
<th>Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vector control</td>
<td>Given the reported mosquito resistance to 3 classes of insecticide, develop and implement a national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan</td>
<td>Q2 2017</td>
<td></td>
<td>Cameroon has developed an entomological profile that includes information on decision making for the selection of insecticides as part of integrated management of pest vectors</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
MNCH
Progress
The country has achieved high coverage in the tracer MNCH interventions postnatal care, vitamin A and DPT3.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MNCH¹: Optimise quality of care</td>
<td>Work to accelerate coverage of ARTs in the total population and in children under 14 years of age</td>
<td>Q1 2017</td>
<td>Deliverable not yet due but Cameroon has increased ART coverage by 3% in both the total population and in children and plans to increase coverage in children by a further 7% in the next year. Cameroon has developed a national paediatric ART acceleration plan aligned to 90-90-90 (2016-2019). The country has enhanced advocacy, monitoring, planning and resource leveraging through an annual conference on paediatric HIV. Cameroon is scaling up case-finding strategies in priority regions in line with the national paediatric ART acceleration plan. The country is integrating HIV programming with routine child health services through the EPI cards. Cameroon is also working to fast track task shifting whilst scaling up the number of treatment sites and number of staff able to provide treatment</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cameroon has responded positively to the MNCH recommended action to enhance coverage of exclusive breastfeeding and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

Key
- Action achieved
- Some progress
- No progress
- Deliverable not yet due

¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA