Malaria is present throughout Burkina Faso, with transmission most intense in the southern part of the country. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 8,280,183 with 5,632 deaths.
Malaria

Progress
Burkina Faso has secured sufficient resources for the procurement of the LLINs, ACTs and RDTs required for 2016 and has achieved 100% operational vector control coverage. In addition Burkina Faso has a high rating in terms of public sector management systems (CPIA cluster D). The country has carried out insecticide resistance monitoring since 2014 and has reported the results to WHO.

Impact
The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 8,280,183 with 5,632 deaths. Progress in reducing cases has been reported sub-nationally where interventions have been intensified. WHO, through modeling, estimates that there has been a less than 50% decrease in malaria incidence between 2000 and 2015.

Key Challenge
- Insecticide resistance threatens vector control effectiveness.

Previous Key Recommended Action

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Action Item</th>
<th>Suggested completion timeframe</th>
<th>Progress</th>
<th>Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vector Control</td>
<td>Given the reported mosquito resistance to 4 classes of insecticide, urgently finalise and implement the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan</td>
<td>Q1 2017</td>
<td></td>
<td>Deliverable not yet due</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**MNCH**

**Progress**
Burkina Faso has also made good progress in tracer MNCH interventions, including DPT3, vitamin A coverage and postnatal care. Burkina Faso has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of the Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard.

**Previous Key Recommended Action**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Action Item</th>
<th>Suggested completion timeframe</th>
<th>Progress</th>
<th>Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MNCH¹: Optimise quality of care</td>
<td>Work to accelerate coverage of ARTs in children under 14 years of age</td>
<td>Q1 2017</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>Burkina Faso has increased ART coverage by 6% in both the total population and in children. The country has completed the policy shift to Test-and-Treat all children and is working to enhance case-finding of HIV positive children. HIV programming is being integrated within routine child health care tools. Burkina Faso is planning to achieve 45% coverage in children by 2017.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Key**
- Green: Action achieved
- Yellow: Some progress
- Red: No progress
- Grey: Deliverable not yet due

¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA