The annual reported number of confirmed malaria cases in 2014 was 1,485 with 22 deaths.

### Scorecard for Accountability and Action

**Botswana ALMA Quarterly Report**  
**Quarter Two, 2016**

#### Malaria Parasite Prevalence Rate (%)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>Target achieved or on track</th>
<th>Progress but more effort required</th>
<th>Not on track</th>
<th>No data/Not applicable</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

#### Metrics

- **Commodities Financed and Financial Control**
  - IRS financing 2016 (% of at-risk population)  
    - 100%
  - Public sector RDT financing 2016 projection (% of need)  
    - 100%
  - Public sector ACT financing 2016 projection (% of need)  
    - 100%
  - World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2014 (CPIA Cluster D)  
    - No data/Not applicable

#### Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact

- Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010  
  - 1
- Insecticide resistance monitored since 2014 and data reported to WHO  
  - No data/Not applicable
- National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan  
  - No data/Not applicable
- Scale of implementation of ICCM (2013)  
  - No data/Not applicable
- IRS Operational Coverage (%)  
  - 78
- >75% Decrease in Malaria Incidence Projected 2000–2015  
  - No data/Not applicable

#### Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health

- Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015)  
  - 78
- Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2015)  
  - 95
- % deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant  
  - 95
- Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)  
  - No data/Not applicable
- Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)  
  - 20
- Vitamin A Coverage 2013 (2 doses)  
  - 93
- DPT3 coverage 2014 (vaccination among 0-11 month olds)  
  - 96
**Botswana ALMA Quarterly Report**  
**Quarter Two, 2016**

**Malaria**  
**Progress**  
Botswana has successfully mobilised resources for malaria control with sufficient financing available for IRS and malaria diagnosis and treatment in 2016. Botswana was awarded the 2016 ALMA Award for Excellence for achieving the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) target for malaria. Botswana has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms for malaria with the development of a Malaria Control and Elimination Scorecard.

**Impact**  
Botswana has made significant progress in malaria control. The number of confirmed malaria cases reported annually has declined from 3,362 during the period 2000–2005 to 1,485 cases in 2014. The country has achieved the MDG international target of reducing malaria burden by 75% since 2000. However, the number of malaria cases in 2014 increased to 1,485 compared to 456 in 2013 and malaria deaths increased in 2014 to 22 compared with 7 deaths in 2013.

**Key Challenge**  
- Achieving and maintaining IRS coverage above 80%.

**Previous Key Recommended Actions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Action Item</th>
<th>Suggested completion timeframe</th>
<th>Progress</th>
<th>Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vector control</td>
<td>Report on the status of insecticide resistance monitoring to WHO and finalise and implement the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan</td>
<td>Q1 2017</td>
<td></td>
<td>Botswana is regularly testing for insecticide resistance and is working to finalise the insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Botswana has responded positively to investigating the reasons for the increasing number of malaria cases in 2014 and significantly increased IRS coverage in the last spray round.

**MNCH**  
**Progress**  
Botswana has achieved good coverage in tracer MNCH interventions, including deliveries by skilled birth attendants, vitamin A and DPT3 vaccination coverage. The country has recently increased coverage of ARTs in the total population. The country has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of a Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard.

**Previous Key Recommended Actions**  
The country has responded positively to the MNCH recommended actions addressing low coverage of exclusive breastfeeding and lack of data for postnatal care and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.