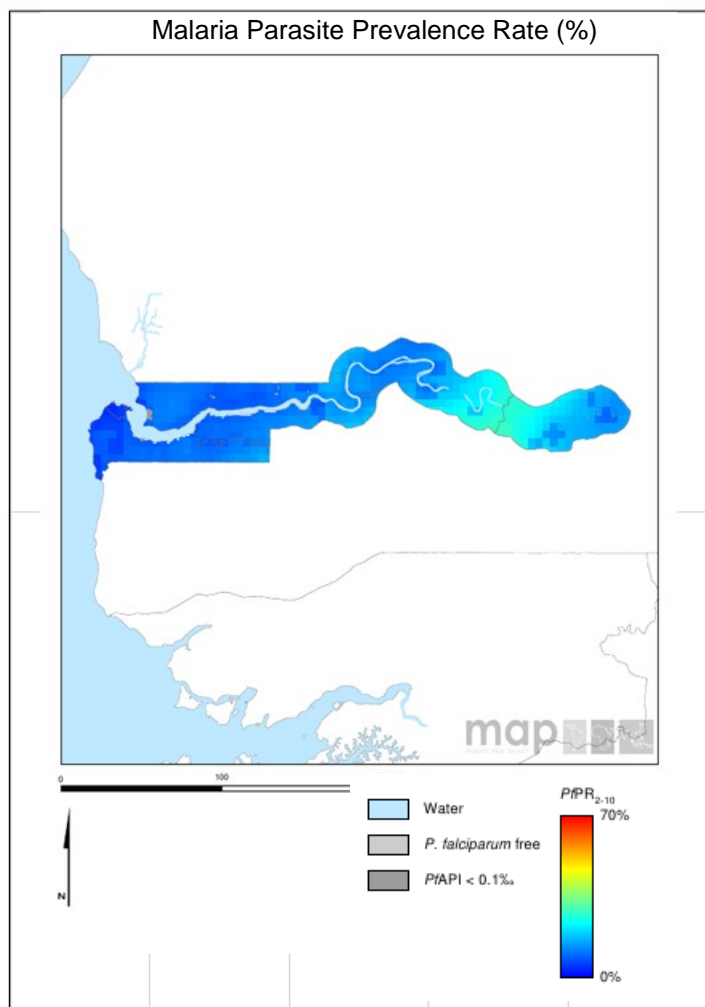


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



The entire population of The Gambia is at high risk of malaria and transmission is intense for most of the year. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 166,229 with 170 deaths.

Metrics

Commodities Financed and Financial Control	
LLIN financing 2016 projection (% of need)	97
Public sector RDT financing 2016 projection (% of need)	100
Public sector ACT financing 2016 projection (% of need)	100
World Bank rating on public sector management and institutions 2014 (CPIA Cluster D)	3.0
Insecticide Resistance Monitoring, Implementation and Impact	
Insecticide classes with mosquito resistance in representative sentinel sites confirmed since 2010	
Insecticide resistance monitored since 2014 and data reported to WHO	
National Insecticide Resistance Monitoring and Management Plan	
Scale of Implementation of iCCM (2013)	
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)	99
>75% Decrease in Malaria Incidence Projected 2000–2015	
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health	
Estimated % of Total Population living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2014)	23
Estimated % of children (0–14 years old) living with HIV who have access to antiretroviral therapy (2014)	16
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant	57
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)	76
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)	47
Vitamin A Coverage 2013 (2 doses)	
DPT3 coverage 2014 (vaccination among 12-23 month olds)	96

Key

	Target achieved or on track
	Progress but more effort required
	Not on track
	No data/Not applicable

Malaria

Progress

The Gambia continues to make good progress with malaria control, including through the implementation of iCCM. The Gambia has secured resources to finance the majority of the malaria commodities required for 2016. The country has also procured sufficient LLINs to sustain operational universal coverage in 2016.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 166,229 with 170 deaths. WHO, through modeling, estimates that there has been a less than 50% decrease in malaria incidence between 2000 and 2015.

New Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
Vector Control	Report to WHO on mosquito insecticide resistance, the status of insecticide resistance monitoring and the status of the national insecticide resistance monitoring and management plan	Q1 2017

MNCH

Progress

The country has achieved high coverage of the tracer MNCH interventions postnatal care and DPT3 vaccination coverage. The Gambia has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of the Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

The Gambia has responded positively to the MNCH recommended action addressing lack of data for Vitamin A coverage.

New Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
MNCH ¹ : Optimise quality of care	Work to accelerate coverage of ARTs especially in children under 14 years of age	Q1 2017

¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA