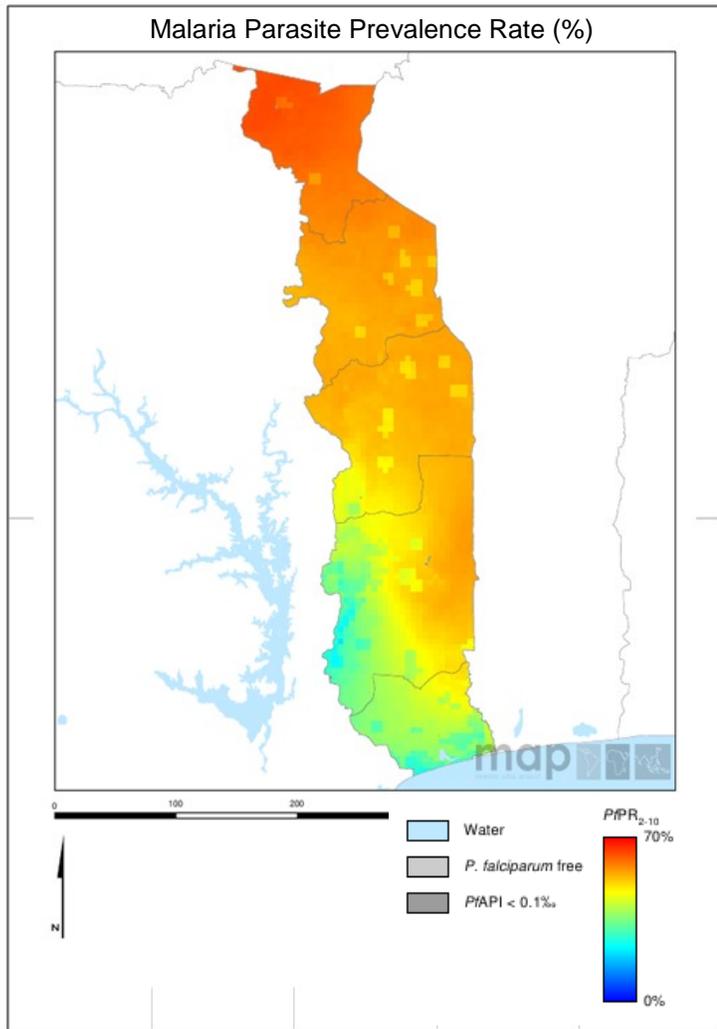


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



The entire population of Togo is at high risk of malaria. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 1,130,251 and 1,205 deaths.

Metrics

| Policy and Financial Control   |                             |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Oral Artemisinin Based Monotherapy Ban status (2015)                           | Target achieved or on track |
| Community case management (Pneumonia)(2015)                                    | Target achieved or on track |
| Community case management (Malaria)(2015)                                      | Target achieved or on track |
| World Bank rating on public sector mgmt and institutions 2014 (CPIA Cluster D) | 2.6                         |
| Commodities Financed, Implementation and Malaria Impact                        |                             |
| LLIN financing 2015 projection (% of need)                                     | 100                         |
| Public sector RDT financing 2015 projection (% of need)                        | 68                          |
| Public sector ACT financing 2015 projection (% of need)                        | 100                         |
| Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)                        | 100                         |
| >75% Decrease in Malaria Incidence Projected 2000–2015                         | Not on track                |
| Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health                                |                             |
| PMTCT coverage 2014 (% pregnant HIV pts receiving ARVs)                        | 87                          |
| % deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant                               | 59                          |
| Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)                                | 58                          |
| Vitamin A Coverage 2013 (2 doses)  | 61                          |
| DP T3 coverage 2014 (vaccination among 12-23 month olds)                       | 87                          |
| Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)   | 71                          |

Key

|                                   |
|-----------------------------------|
| Target achieved or on track       |
| Progress but more effort required |
| Not on track                      |
| No data/Not applicable            |

## Togo ALMA Quarterly Report Quarter Four, 2015



### Progress

Togo banned oral artemisinin-based monotherapies and has introduced policies for Community Case Management of malaria and pneumonia. The country has secured sufficient resources to achieve universal coverage of LLINs and ACTs in 2015. Togo was awarded a 2015 ALMA Award for Most Improved in Malaria Control.

Togo also continues to make progress on tracer MNCH interventions, with high coverage in DPT3 vaccinations, PMTCT and postnatal care.

### Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2014 was 1,130,251 and 1,205 deaths. WHO, through modeling, estimates that there has been a less than 50% decrease in malaria incidence between 2000 and 2015.

### Previous Key Recommended Action

| Objective       | Action Item   | Suggested completion timeframe | Progress | Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report |
|-----------------|---|--------------------------------|----------|---|
| Address funding | Work to fill the outstanding gaps required to sustain full coverage of RDTs in 2015 | Q1 2016                        |          | Deliverable not yet due   |

### Key

|   |                         |
|---|-------------------------|
|  | Action achieved         |
|  | Some progress           |
|  | No progress             |
|  | Deliverable not yet due |