The entire population of Angola is at risk of malaria. The annual reported number of suspected malaria cases in 2014 was 3,180,021 with 5,714 deaths.
Angola ALMA Quarterly Report
Quarter Four, 2015

Progress
Angola has declared the intention to ban oral artemisinin-based monotherapies. The country plans to pilot integrated Community Case Management in three provinces starting from 2016, including use of ACTs and antibiotics at community level. Angola has reprogrammed and re-prioritised its resources, filling the majority of the malaria commodity gaps previously identified and has recently increased operational coverage of vector control.

Impact
Angola reported 3,180,021 malaria cases with 5,714 malaria deaths in 2014. The number of malaria deaths decreased from 7,300 in 2013. WHO, through modeling, estimates Angola has achieved a 50%-75% decrease in incidence between 2000 and 2015.

Key Challenge
- The lack of new resources allocated to malaria control jeopardises the country’s ability to sustain the gains made in the fight against malaria.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Action Item</th>
<th>Suggested completion timeframe</th>
<th>Progress</th>
<th>Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Address vector control coverage</td>
<td>Address the decreasing coverage of vector control</td>
<td>Q4 2015</td>
<td>2.5 million LLINs were delivered to Angola in quarter three of 2015 with operational coverage increasing to 72%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The country has also responded positively to finalising the policy on Community Case Management of malaria and pneumonia as well as ensuring that resources are allocated to malaria control at a high level that is sufficient to ensure universal coverage of key interventions including through enhanced domestic resource commitments.

Angola has responded positively to the MNCH recommended actions addressing the lack of data on exclusive breastfeeding and postnatal care and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

New Key Recommended Action

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Action Item</th>
<th>Suggested completion timeframe</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MNCH1: Optimise quality of care</td>
<td>Identify and address reasons for decreasing DPT3 coverage</td>
<td>Q4 2016</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Key
- Action achieved
- Some progress
- No progress
- Deliverable not yet due

1 MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA/iERG