Malaria transmission is seasonal in Zimbabwe with about 60% of the population at risk. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 422,633 with 352 deaths.
**Progress**
Zimbabwe has made steady progress in scaling-up malaria control interventions and has been successful in attracting resources through the Global Fund. Zimbabwe has banned oral artemisinin-based monotherapies. The country has introduced a policy on Community Case Management of malaria. The country has the resources required for ACTs, RDTs, LLINs and IRS in 2014 and has achieved good coverage of vector control. Zimbabwe has achieved high coverage of the tracer MNCH interventions PMTCT and DPT3 and has recently increased coverage of skilled birth attendants, postnatal care and, exclusive breastfeeding. The country has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of a Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard.

**Impact**
The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 422,633 with 352 deaths. WHO projects that the country is on track to reduce malaria burden by 50 – 75% by 2015 compared to 2000.