The entire population of Guinea is at high risk of malaria. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 775,341 with 108 deaths.
Progress
Guinea has banned oral artemisinin-based monotherapies and has introduced a policy on Community Case Management of malaria and pneumonia. Resources have been mobilised through the Global Fund and sufficient LLINs have been distributed to achieve 100% operational coverage. Guinea has achieved a 58% reduction in under-five child mortality since 1990. Guinea has achieved high coverage of the tracer MNCH intervention of vitamin A supplementation. The country has submitted a successful GF New Funding Model concept note for malaria despite the ebola outbreak and is working on its contingency planning to minimize service disruption to malaria during the current ebola emergency.

Impact
The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 775,341 with 108 deaths. Progress in reducing cases has been reported sub-nationally where interventions have been intensified.

Key Challenge
- Sustaining the coverage of essential health services during the ebola outbreak.

New Key Recommended Action

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Action Item</th>
<th>Suggested completion timeframe</th>
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<td>Optimise quality of care</td>
<td>Investigate and address the reasons for the decreasing coverage of exclusive breastfeeding</td>
<td>Q4 2015</td>
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