Malaria transmission occurs year round in Cameroon and is most intense in the south of the country. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 1,824,633 with 4,349 deaths.
Progress
Cameroon has banned the import and sale of oral artemisinin-based monotherapies and has introduced Community Case Management of malaria and pneumonia. The country has committed domestic resources to fill the outstanding gap for the LLIN campaign next year. The country has made significant improvements in the tracer MNCH intervention PMTCT coverage, DPT3 coverage as well as achieving high levels of vitamin A coverage.

Impact
The number of reported malaria cases in 2013 was 1,824,633 with 4,349 deaths. The number of malaria cases and deaths increased from 313,315 cases and 3,209 deaths in 2012.

Key Challenge
- Ensuring domestic resources are secured to support the 2015 LLIN universal coverage campaign.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Action Item</th>
<th>Suggested completion timeframe</th>
<th>Progress</th>
<th>Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Optimise quality of care</td>
<td>Address falling LLIN coverage</td>
<td>Q3 2015</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>The LLIN tender is in process for the universal coverage campaign in 2015. The government of Cameroun has committed domestic resources to fill the LLIN gap</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MNCH¹</td>
<td>Ensure all facilities are baby friendly by implementing the ten steps to successful breastfeeding, providing follow-up support to breastfeeding mothers and enhancing community awareness</td>
<td>Q1 2013</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>No progress reported</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Key
- Action achieved
- Some progress
- No progress
- Deliverable not yet due

¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA/iERG