The entire population of Sierra Leone is at high risk of malaria. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 1,715,851 with 4,326 deaths.
Progress
Sierra Leone has banned oral artemisinin-based monotherapies and has introduced policies on Community Case Management for both malaria and pneumonia. The country has secured sufficient resources to achieve universal coverage of LLINs, RDTs, and ACTs in 2015. The country has achieved high coverage in the tracer MNCH interventions PMTCT, postnatal care, vitamin A and DPT3. Sierra Leone has enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of the Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard. Sierra Leone has responded to the challenge of the post ebola recovery. The country has developed and put in place a recovery plan and health systems building strategy and are mobilizing resources for it. Sierra Leone was awarded a 2015 ALMA Award for Most Improved in Malaria Control.

Impact
The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 1,715,851 with 4,326 deaths.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Action Item</th>
<th>Suggested completion timeframe</th>
<th>Progress</th>
<th>Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Address funding</td>
<td>Ensure the GF New Funding Model concept note is submitted by Q1 2015 and ensure that resources are allocated to malaria control at a level that is sufficient to sustain the gains made in recent years</td>
<td>Q1 2015</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>The country is submitting a Global Fund costed extension in November</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sierra Leone has responded positively to the recommended action addressing low coverage of exclusive breastfeeding and continues to track progress as this action is implemented.

Key
- Action achieved
- Some progress
- No progress
- Deliverable not yet due