Malaria transmission occurs all year round throughout Côte d’Ivoire, although it is more seasonal in the north of the country. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 4,708,425 with 3,261 deaths.
Progress
Côte d'Ivoire has banned the import and sale of oral artemisinin-based monotherapies and has also introduced a policy on Community Case Management of malaria and pneumonia. Côte d'Ivoire has also successfully raised resources for the financing of the required number of LLINs, RDTs, and ACTs in 2015. The country has made progress on tracer MNCH interventions, with increased coverage of PMTCT and high coverage of vitamin A, postnatal care, and DPT3 vaccination.

Impact
The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 4,708,425 with 3,261 deaths.

Key Challenge
- Securing longer term resources for malaria programming.

Previous Recommended Actions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Action Item</th>
<th>Suggested completion timeframe</th>
<th>Progress</th>
<th>Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MNCH¹: Optimise quality of care</td>
<td>Identify and address reasons for decreasing DPT3 coverage</td>
<td>Q2 2016</td>
<td></td>
<td>Deliverable not yet due</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Côte d'Ivoire has responded positively to the recommended action addressing low coverage of exclusive breastfeeding and continues to track progress as this action is implemented.

Key
- Action achieved
- Some progress
- No progress
- Deliverable not yet due

¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA/iERG