Malaria transmission in Sudan is low-to-moderate and occasionally epidemic. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2012 was 964,698 with 618 deaths.
Progress
Sudan has made steady progress in scaling-up malaria control interventions and has, in particular, been successful in attracting resources through the Global Fund. The country has also introduced Community Case Management for the treatment of malaria and banned oral artemisinin-based monotherapies. Sudan has secured the majority of the resources required to sustain universal coverage of key malaria interventions in 2014. Sudan has achieved high coverage of the tracer MNCH indicator DPT3 vaccination and vitamin A vaccination.

Impact
Reports from the Ministry of Health show a decline in reported malaria deaths from the levels in 2000. Progress in reducing cases has been reported sub-nationally where interventions have been intensified. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2012 was 964,698 with 618 deaths.

Key Challenge
- Delays in disbursement of funds.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Action Item</th>
<th>Suggested completion timeframe</th>
<th>Progress</th>
<th>Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Address funding</td>
<td>Ensure the NFM concept note is submitted by Q3 2014 and ensure that resources are allocated to malaria control at a level that is sufficient to sustain the gains made in recent years</td>
<td>Q3 2014</td>
<td></td>
<td>Sudan submitted the GF NFM concept note in August</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Key
- Action achieved
- Some progress
- No progress
- Deliverable not yet due