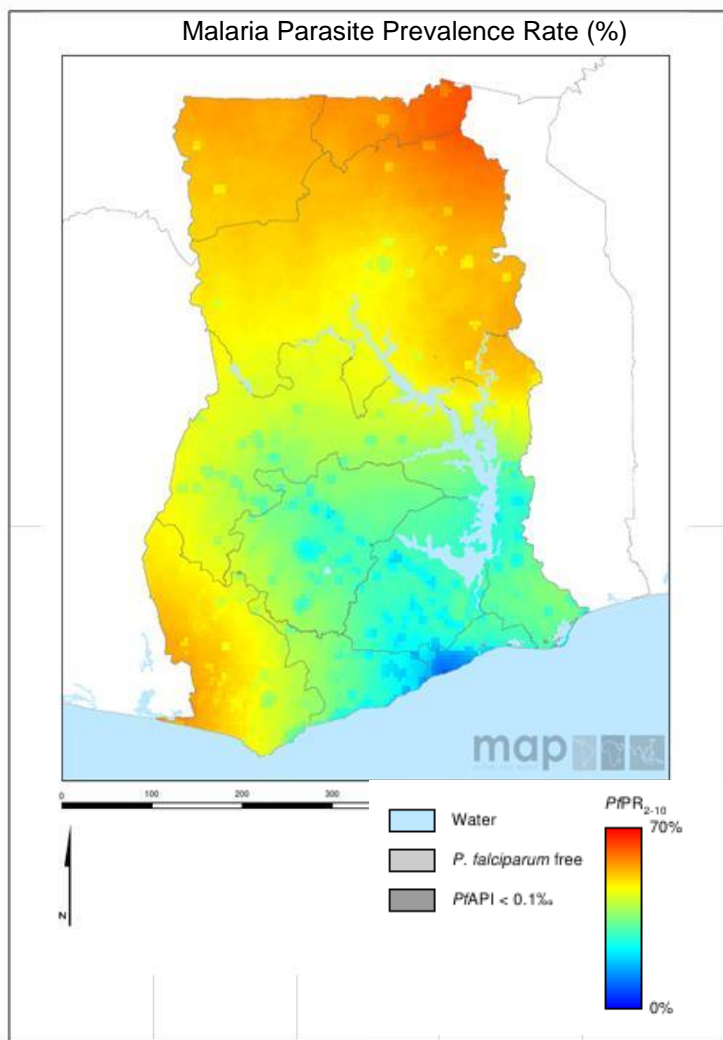


Scorecard for Accountability and Action



The entire population of Ghana is at risk of malaria. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2012 was 8,774,516 with 2,855 deaths.

Metrics

Policy and Financial Control		
Oral Artemisinin Based Monotherapy Ban status (2014)		
Community case management (Pneumonia)		
Community case management (Malaria)		
World Bank rating on public sector mgmt and institutions 2013 (CPIA Cluster D)		3.7
Commodities Financed, Implementation and Malaria Impact		
LLIN financing 2014 projection (% of need)	▲	80
Public sector RDT financing 2014 projection (% of need)	▲	100
Public sector ACT financing 2014 projection (% of need)	▲	100
Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population)		100
On track in 2012 to Reduce Malaria Incidence by >75% by 2015 (vs 2000)		
Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health		
PMTCT coverage 2013 (% pregnant HIV pts receiving ARVs)	▼	62
% deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant		68
Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months)		46
Vitamin A Coverage 2012 (2 doses)		17
DPT3 coverage 2012 (vaccination among 12-23 month olds)		92
Postnatal care (within 48 hrs)		83

Key

<span style="display:inline-block; width:15px; height:15px; background-color:lightgreen;"></span>	Target achieved or on track
<span style="display:inline-block; width:15px; height:15px; background-color:yellow;"></span>	Progress but more effort required
<span style="display:inline-block; width:15px; height:15px; background-color:red;"></span>	Not on track
<span style="display:inline-block; width:15px; height:15px; background-color:gray;"></span>	No data/Not applicable

### Progress

Ghana has banned the import and sale of oral artemisinin-based monotherapies and has introduced policies of Community Case Management of malaria and pneumonia. Ghana secured sufficient resources for most of the antimalarial commodities required to sustain coverage in 2014. The country has achieved high coverage of tracer MNCH interventions, in particular PMTCT, DPT3 vaccination and postnatal care.

### Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2012 was 8,774,516 with 2,855 deaths.

### Key Challenge

- The lack of significant new resources allocated to malaria in the Global Fund New Funding Model jeopardises the country's ability to sustain the impressive gains made in the fight against malaria.

### Previous Key Recommended Actions

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe	Progress	Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report
Address funding	Ensure the NFM concept note is submitted by Q4 2014 and ensure that resources are allocated to malaria control at a level that is sufficient to sustain the gains made in recent years. This may require reprogramming of existing resources	Q4 2014		Ghana submitted the GF NFM concept note in August 2014
MNCH <sup>1</sup> : Optimise quality of care	Identify and address reasons for decreasing Vitamin A coverage	Q2 2015		Deliverable not yet due

### New Key Recommended Action

Objective	Action Item	Suggested completion timeframe
MNCH <sup>1</sup> : Optimise quality of care	Identify and address reasons for decreasing PMTCT coverage	Q3 2015

### Key

	Action achieved
	Some progress
	No progress
	Deliverable not yet due

<sup>1</sup> MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA/iERG