Malaria is endemic throughout Benin; however, transmission is more intense in the southern third of the country. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2012 was 1,151,038 with 2,261 deaths.
Progress
Benin has made significant progress in malaria control policy, including banning the importation and sale of oral artemisinin-based monotherapies. Benin has introduced Community Case Management of malaria and pneumonia. The country has sufficient finances available to cover the 2014 requirements for LLINs, ACTs, and RDTs and has procured sufficient LLINs to achieve universal coverage. The country has also made good progress on tracer MNCH interventions, in particular increasing skilled birth attendants, vitamin A, and DPT3 vaccination coverage and has recently increased PMTCT coverage.

Impact
The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2012 was 1,151,038 with 2,261 deaths.

Key Challenge
- Securing longer-term finances for malaria control.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Action Item</th>
<th>Suggested completion timeframe</th>
<th>Progress</th>
<th>Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Address funding</td>
<td>Ensure the NFM concept note is submitted by Q1 2015 and ensure that resources are allocated to malaria control at a level that is sufficient to sustain the gains made in recent years</td>
<td>Q1 2015</td>
<td></td>
<td>Deliverable not yet due</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Optimise quality of care</td>
<td>Address reasons for decreasing LLIN coverage</td>
<td>Q4 2014</td>
<td></td>
<td>Over 5 million LLINs delivered to Benin in the last quarter</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Key
- Action achieved
- Some progress
- No progress
- Deliverable not yet due