The entire population of Guinea is at risk of malaria. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 775,341 with 108 deaths.
Guinea ALMA Quarterly Report  
Quarter Two, 2015

Progress
Guinea has banned oral artemisinin-based monotherapies and has introduced a policy on Community Case Management of malaria and pneumonia. Sufficient resources have been mobilised through the Global Fund for the ACTs, RDTs and LLINs required in 2015 and sufficient LLINs have been distributed to achieve 100% operational coverage. Guinea has achieved a 58% reduction in under-five child mortality since 1990. Guinea has achieved high coverage of the tracer MNCH intervention of vitamin A supplementation. The country has submitted a successful GF New Funding Model concept note for malaria despite the ebola outbreak and is working on its contingency planning to minimize service disruption to malaria during the current ebola emergency. Guinea was awarded a 2015 ALMA Award for Excellence in Implementation of Vector Control.

Impact
The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 775,341 with 108 deaths. Progress in reducing cases has been reported sub-nationally where interventions have been intensified.

Key Challenge
- Sustaining the coverage of essential health services during the ebola outbreak.

Previous Key Recommended Action

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Action Item</th>
<th>Suggested completion timeframe</th>
<th>Progress</th>
<th>Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MNCH¹: Optimise quality of care</td>
<td>Investigate and address the reasons for the decreasing coverage of exclusive breastfeeding</td>
<td>Q4 2015</td>
<td></td>
<td>Deliverable not yet due</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Key
- Green: Action achieved
- Yellow: Some progress
- Red: No progress
- Grey: Deliverable not yet due

¹ MNCH metrics, recommended actions and response tracked through WHO MCA/iERG