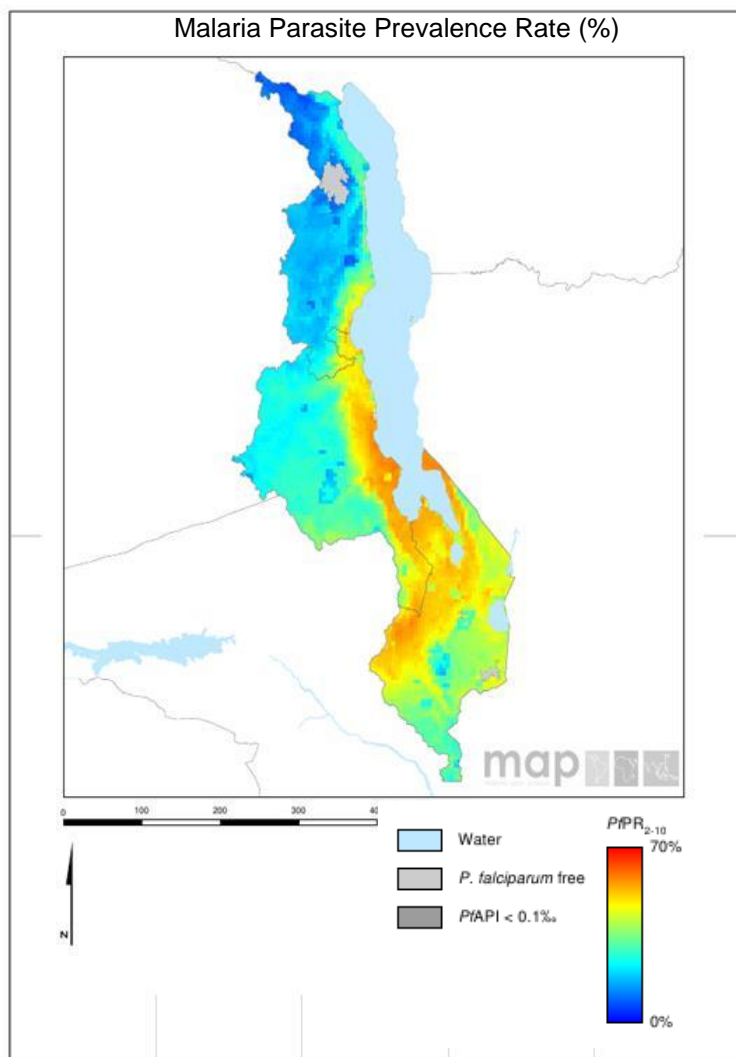


Scorecard for Accountability and Action







Malaria is endemic in all parts of Malawi. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2012 was 3,659,565 with 5,516 deaths.

Metrics

| Policy and Financial Control | | |
|--|---|-----|
| Oral Artemisinin Based Monotherapy Ban status (2014) | | |
| Community case management (Pneumonia) | | |
| Community case management (Malaria) | | |
| World Bank rating on public sector mgmt and institutions 2013 (CPIA Cluster D) | ▼ | 3.1 |
| Commodities Financed, Implementation and Malaria Impact | | |
| LLIN financing 2014 projection (% of need) | | 100 |
| Public sector RDT financing 2014 projection (% of need) | | 100 |
| Public sector ACT financing 2014 projection (% of need) | | 56 |
| Operational LLIN/IRS coverage (% of at risk population) | | 100 |
| On track in 2012 to Reduce Malaria Incidence by >75% by 2015 (vs 2000) | | |
| Tracer Indicators for Maternal and Child Health | | |
| PMTCT coverage 2012 (% pregnant HIV pts receiving ARVs) | | 60 |
| % deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendant | | 71 |
| Exclusive breastfeeding (% children < 6 months) | | 71 |
| Vitamin A Coverage 2012 (2 doses) | ▼ | 60 |
| DPT3 coverage 2012 (vaccination among 12-23 month olds) | | 96 |
| Postnatal care (within 48 hrs) | | 43 |

Key

| | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
|  | Target achieved or on track |
|  | Progress but more effort required |
|  | Not on track |
|  | No data/Not applicable |

Progress

Malawi has made good progress in scaling-up malaria control interventions and has been successful in attracting resources from the Global Fund. The country has made policy changes including the introduction of policies on Community Case Management of malaria and pneumonia. Malawi has also banned oral artemisinin-based monotherapies. Most of the malaria commodities required to achieve and sustain universal coverage in 2014 are financed. High coverage has been obtained for the tracer MNCH interventions, including DPT3 vaccination, exclusive breastfeeding, and PMTCT coverage. Malawi has achieved MDG4 by reducing under-five child mortality by over two-thirds since 1990. Malawi has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development and launch of the Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard. Malawi was awarded a 2014 ALMA Award for Excellence in Implementation of Vector Control.

Impact

The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2012 was 3,659,565 with 5,516 deaths.

Key Challenge

- Delays in Global Fund disbursements have delayed programme implementation.

Previous Key Recommended Actions

| Objective | Action Item | Suggested completion timeframe | Progress | Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report |
|---|--|--------------------------------|----------|--|
| Address funding | Ensure the NFM concept note is submitted by Q4 2014 and ensure that resources are allocated to malaria control at a level that is sufficient to sustain the gains made in recent years | Q4 2014 | | Deliverable not yet due but the country has begun the preparation of the GF NFM concept note |
| Enact high level policy and strategy change | Improve rule-based governance, quality of budgetary and financial management, efficiency of revenue mobilisation, quality of public administration, and transparency and accountability in the public sector | Q2 2014 | | There has been a 0.2 decrease in the country's Cluster D CPIA |

Key

| | |
|--|-------------------------|
| | Action achieved |
| | Some progress |
| | No progress |
| | Deliverable not yet due |