Malaria transmission is seasonal in Swaziland; the annual reported number of clinical cases in 2013 was 669 with 4 malaria deaths.
Progress
Swaziland has made significant progress in scaling-up malaria control interventions leading to a significant reduction in malaria burden in the country. Swaziland has declared an intention to ban oral artemisinin-based monotherapies. Adequate resources have been secured to fund the IRS, ACTs, and RDTs required to sustain universal coverage in 2015. Good progress has been made on tracer MNCH interventions including DPT3 coverage, skilled birth attendants, and PMTCT.

Impact
Swaziland has achieved significant impact in its malaria control programme. Malaria deaths decreased from 32 during 2000-2005 to 4 in 2013. As such, the country has achieved the target of a 75% reduction in malaria burden since 2000.

Key Challenge
- Maintaining malaria high on the political and funding agenda.

Recommended Actions
Swaziland has responded positively to the recommended actions addressing low coverage of vitamin A and postnatal care and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.