Malaria transmission in Nigeria takes place all year round in the south but is more seasonal in the northern regions. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 12,830,911 cases and 7,878 deaths.
Nigeria ALMA Quarterly Report
Quarter One, 2015

Progress
Nigeria has banned oral artemisinin-based monotherapies and introduced a policy on Community Case Management for malaria and pneumonia. The development of the Saving One Million Lives initiative in 2012 is expected to accelerate progress in tracer MNCH intervention coverage and the tracking of these indicators will be enhanced through the Saving One Million Lives Scorecard.

Impact
The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was with 12,830,911 cases and 7,878 deaths.

Key Challenge
• Funding gaps to achieve and sustain universal coverage of all malaria interventions to 2015 and beyond.

Previous Key Recommended Action

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Action Item</th>
<th>Suggested completion timeframe</th>
<th>Progress</th>
<th>Comments - key activities/accomplishments since last quarterly report</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Address funding</td>
<td>Work to fill outstanding funding gaps for essential malaria commodities</td>
<td>Q2 2015</td>
<td>Deliverable not yet due but the Government has committed almost US$ 400 million to fill some of the malaria control gaps and discussions are ongoing around a Malaria Bond</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Nigeria has responded positively to the recommended actions addressing low coverage of PMTCT, skilled birth attendants and exclusive breastfeeding, and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.

Key
- Action achieved
- Some progress
- No progress
- Deliverable not yet due